Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, JULY 20, 1869. NUMBER 16

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

THE CAPITAL.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, July 19, 1869.

THE FRENCH CABLE.

A special says a satisfactory arrangement has been made with Secretary Fish by officers of the French Cable Company, whereby our government permits the landing of the cable upon American territory. The manager of the French Company, after several interviews with the Secretary of State, agreed to hand over to the State Department a written document, pledging the Company to give up their exclusive privilege in France and to accept the future legislation of Congress in regard to Atlantic telegraphs.

REVENUE DECISION.

Acting Commissioner of Internal Revenue, in a case where a lot of tobacco was purchased in Richmond, Va., at United States Marshal's sale, with the understanding that the Marshal's brand would protect it in market after July 1st, decides that the Marshal's brand does not protect the tobacco from liability to bear tax paid by stamp, and that no refund equal to the value of the stamp which may be purchased and put upon it can be allowed.

INDIAN MEDALS.

To-day Commissioner Parker discovered in the Indian Bureau a number of silver medals prepared under different administrations as presents to friendly Indian chiefs in token of friendship. The medals were stamped with the heads of the different Presidents under whose administrations the treaties were ratified. A few medals are to be struck bearing Grant's image, for distribution among the friendly Indians.

WHITE AND COLORED SCHOOLS.

Mayor Bowen, in a message to the city council to-night, recommends that white and colored children be educated under the same public school system and under the same roof. He can see no objection to this, as in other respects all distinction has been abolished. He also nominated Prof. Vashon, colored, to be one of the trustees of the white schools.

NEW CURRENCY.

A small quantity of fifteen cent currency was issued by the Treasurer to-day and an additional supply is expected to-morrow. New twenty-five and fifty cent notes will make their appearance in a few days. It will probably be several weeks before the money will be out for general distribution.

CHICAGO.

The Episcopal Imbroglio—Trial of Dr. Cheney—Information from the Powell Expedition—Farmer's Wife Murdered—Little Boy Torn to Pieces.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, July 19.—A meeting of the wardens and vestrymen of the Trinity church was held on Friday night, when it was voted, by a decided majority, to invite Rev. Dr. Cummins, Associate Bishop of Kentucky, to occupy the Trinity pulpit during the absence of the Rector, Rev. Mr. Sullivan, notwithstanding the opposition of Bishop Whitehouse. An urgent letter has been sent to Bishop Cummins, expressing the almost unanimous wish of Trinity church that he would accept the invitation, and it is believed he will do so.

Contrary to previous reports and anticipations, it is now intimated, on good authority, that Rev. Mr. Cheney will appear before the Ecclesiastical tribunal instituted by the Bishop to try him. It is said that he has engaged able counsel and will contest the authority of the tribunal upon constitutional grounds. He insists that every man of the eight named to him from which to select five assessors had formed and expressed an opinion upon his case, and that the opinion was in favor of his conviction. Under these circumstances, it is impossible for him to have an impartial trial, and he must therefore fall back upon his constitutional rights and resist the right of the Court to pass judgment on his case.

President Richard Edwards, of the Normal University, has received a letter from Col. Powell, dated at the mouth of the Nintah, June 29th, in which he says he has reached that point in safety, having run four canons of about twenty-five miles in length each, the walls of which were from two thousand to twenty-five hundred feet high. He is going to Green river in time to make observations of the eclipse on the 7th day of August.

At Brighton, near Alton, Ill., last night, John Creager shot and instantly killed the wife of Gottlieb Oertle, a wealthy German farmer. Creager had been at work for Oertle, but had been discharged. Last night he returned, under the influence of liquor, and shot Mrs. Oertle without any provocation.

William Bogen, a lad of fifteen years, was instantly killed this morning while attempting to put a belt on a pulley in Rundel Bros. planing mill. He was literally torn to pieces.

A meeting of citizens was held at the Trement House, to-day, at which it was resolved to celebrate the successful laying of the French Atlantic cable. A committee of thirty was appointed to make the necessary arrangements.

Virginia Affairs—The Iron-Clad Oath.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, July 19.—A Richmond special says: General Canby has sent circulars to all the members of the Legislature elect, asking each of them if they can qualify by subscribing to the iron-clad oath. If he ascertains there is a quorum of both Houses thus qualified, he will issue his proclamation in about fifteen days announcing the result of the election, and calling the Legislature together to ratify the Fifteenth Amendment and elect United States Senators. The members unable to qualify, would in this case remain absent till the Constitution had been ratified by Congress and the States admitted, when they would present themselves and qualify under the State Constitution, from which the test oath has been expunged. Should there not, however, be found a quorum able to qualify by taking the test oath, the commanding General will then defer issuing his proclamation, but will order new elections to fill the seats which will be declared vacant by reason of the disability to qualify as above.

NEW YORK CITY.

New Cuban Headquarters—Oil Works Burned—Arrest for Counterfeiting—Filibusters Not Released—Brokers Plead Guilty of Usury—Counterfeit Tobacco Stamp Establishment Unearthed.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 19, 1869.

It is reported a new Cuban Commission has been established at West Hoboken, New Jersey. There are said to be two hundred of the men in the Gardiner Island Expedition there, who had succeeded in eluding the United States Marshal.

The Kerosene Oil Works of Densmore, Jeremiah & Co., at one hundred Sixth street, near East River, were destroyed by fire last night. All the stock was destroyed; loss over $20,000.

A cigar dealer in Jersey City was arrested while passing along Montgomery aveuue by United States detectives, on a charge of being engaged in making and passing counterfeit money. It is stated that a one hundred dollar counterfeit bill was found in his possession when arrested. Held in fifteen hundred dollars bail.

The Cuban filibusters arrested at Gardiner's Island have not been released, as reported, but are still detained at Fort Lafayette. No action will be taken in their cases until the return of District Attorney Pierrepont, who is now absent.

Eight of the bankers arrested on a charge of violating the usury laws were arraigned before Judge Cardozo, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer, to-day. Edward R. Jones, Geo. Phipps and David M. Morrison pleaded guilty. Van Buskirk's counsel withdrew the informal plea of guilty. The trial of those who had pleaded not guilty was set down for Thursday. Judge Cardozo announced that he would not sentence those who plead guilty until after the trial of the others.

On Saturday Col. Whitely and Detective Clarver, in the second story of the County Road House, at Snake Hill, New Jersey, found a press, lithograph stones, plates and all appurtenances for a well-appointed establishment for counterfeiting United States tobacco stamps. They seized a large lot of well executed stamps and all the tools except the press which they broke up with an axe. Martin Frank, Peter Shoemaker, Ache Patti, Paul Reinhardt, Nicholas Larsen and John Shavane have been arrested and held for examination for making and having these counterfeit plates and stamps.

Arrived, steamer City of London, from Liverpool.

The trot at Fashion Course this afternoon for $1,000, best five in six to harness, was won by Old Put, taking the last three heats. Time 2:34, 2:33½, 2:33, 2:34½, and 2:34½.

THE INDIANS.

The Recent Engagement—Victory More Complete than First Expected.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, July 19.—Omaha dispatches say that General Augur returned from Fort Sedgewick on Monday morning. General Carr's victory is more complete than at first reported. Four hundred horses and mules were captured, with a large quantity of powder, and nearly five tons of dried Buffalo meat. Among the killed is the noted chief Standing Bull. About nine hundred dollars was found in the camp, which was given to Mrs. Reigel—a white woman recaptured. This was the same body of Indians who last year fought General Forsythe, and recently committed depredations in Kansas.

The following dispatch from Maj. Gen. Augur, commanding the Department of the Platte, relative to the recent fight on the Republican river, Kansas, between a party of Indians and a detachment of United States troops, under Col. Carr, was received at Gen. Sheridan's headquarters in Chicago, to-day, and will be read with general interest.

Fort Sedgewick, Colorada, July 17.—Maj. Gen. George L. Hartsuff: I find Carr's success to be greater than was at first reported. Standing Bull was killed. Over four hundred fifty animals were captured, among them over one hundred fine mules, as also a large quantity of powder, and over five tons of dried Buffalo meat. Bull Bear was with the party. Prisoners report it to be the only body of Indians known on the Republican. It is the same that fought Forsythe and all other parties on the Republican last year. They say that not one has joined them from the north. Quite a large amount of money was found by the soldiers in this camp, and nearly all of it, over $900, was given to the liberated white woman, Mrs. Keigle. I am glad to say she is likely to recover from her wounds. Her husband was killed when he was taken. Carr will go out again in about two weeks. Most of the animals are mares and colts. I have given liberally of them to the Pawnee scouts, who are very efficient, and to the troops. The prisoners I have sent to Omaha Barracks.

(Signed) C. C. AUGUR,
Brevet Maj. Gen.

Political Excitement in North Carolina.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WILMINGTON, N. C., July 19.—The Republican party of this county has divided into two formidable factions. Each wing has a candidate in the field, to fill a vacancy in the Legislature, occasioned by the resignation of Gen. L. G. Estes. One of the most prominent leaders of one section, in a speech to-day, predicted bloodshed before the campaign was over. Conservatives and Democrats take no part in the contest and will run no candidate. The other faction, composed almost entirely of negroes, has nominated a white candidate. It is found necessary to station a strong police force at all meetings held here. The most bitter personalities are indulged in by many of the speakers, and several slight collisions have already occurred.

Saengerfest at Rochester, N. Y.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ROCHESTER, July 19.—The great Saengerfest in this city, participated in by Societies from Buffalo, Erie, Syracuse and Hamilton, commenced to-day. The principal buildings are finely decorated and the influx of strangers is large. This evening a grand concert was given at the Rink.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

NEWS BY CABLE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

DUBLIN, July 19.—Mr. Washburton, High Sheriff of Queens county, while on his way to attend the Assizes, was fired at from the roadside and severely wounded. The assassin has not been discovered.

LONDON, July 19.—In the House of Lords the University tests bill came up. Earl Carnovan moved the previous question on postponement on the ground of the lateness of the season and insufficiency of time for the consideration of the bill. On division of the House the bill was thrown out.

In the House of Commons Mr. Otway, under Secretary of Foreign Affairs, said the Government was aware negotiations had passed between Bavaria and Austria with respect to the Ecumenical Council, but having received no offical information, it could submit no papers on the subject.

In reply to an inquiry of Mr. Highgate, as to how the Irish Church surplus fund was to be locally applied, Mr. Gladstone said the question was rather premature. He could not presume that the bill would pass. Moreover the financial parts of the measure were very complex and he could not say how far portions of the surplus would would bear a local character, but he assured the House that the Government was desirous of distributing the fund equally over Ireland.

SPAIN.

MADRID, July 18.—The Government has received a telegram announcing that Don Carlos has disappeared from France, and has entered Navarre. He was pursued to the frontier by the police.

MARINE NEWS.

QUEENSTOWN, July 19.—The steamer Samaria, from New York, arrived yesterday.

LONDONDERRY, July 19.—The steamer Moravian, from Quebec, arrived to-day.

LONDON, July 19.—Arrived, City of Paris, at 1:30 P. M., and Periere, at 1:49.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, July 19—*Evening.*—Consols for money 93¼; on account 93⅛@93¼. American securities: 5-20 bonds at London quiet and steady; Erie 19¼; Illinois 93½; Atlantic and Great Western 24. Five-twenty bonds at Frankfort 87⅝.

LIVERPOOL, July 19.—Cotton market quiet; middling uplands 12⅛d; Orleans 13d.; sales 8,000 bales. California white wheat 10s. 6d; red western No. 2 9s. 1d. Western Flour 23s. 6d. Corn—No. 2 mixed 29s. for old, and 28s. for new. Oats 3s. 6d. Peas 38s. 3d. Pork 99s. Beef 90s. Lard 70s. Cheese 62s. Bacon 62s. Spirits Petroleum 9d.; refined 1s. 6d. Tallow 45s. 3d. Turpentine 27s. Linseed Oil £32 10s. Linseed Cakes £10.

LONDON, July 19.— Tallow 45s 3d. Spirits Turpentine 23s. 6d. Calcutta Linseed 62s. Petroleum at Antwerp 49 francs.

MEMPHIS.

Death of a Bank President—Negro Excitement—Politics—Negro Killed by a Woman—Murder by Negroes.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, June 19.—C. P. Morris, Vice President of the First National Bank of this city, and formerly of Springfield, Ohio, died yesterday at St. Paul, Minn. The Bank is closed to-day in respect to his memory.

Armed negroes are searching everywhere throughout Crittenden county, Ark., for Collier, who shot Captain Hays a few days since at Marion.

Governor Senter and General Stokes spoke to day at Grand Junction.

A letter to the *Avalanche* says that a lady residing at Dr. Bateman's shot and killed a negro on Saturday last. The man was in act of climbing through the window into her room.

Three negro wharf rats, the oldest not more than sixteen, murdered an inoffensive negro to-day on the wharf by cutting his throat and crushing his head with a stone.

Missouri Pacific Railroad—The Change of Gauge.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, July 19.—The cost of changing the gauge of the Missouri Pacific Railroad aggregates nearly eleven hundred thousand dollars, including forty-six new locomotives, $635,375; three hundred and fifty new cars, $322,761; altering old engines and cars, $282,000; altering gauge of track, $52,500. When the old locomotives and cars are changed to suit the new gauge the road will have the following equipment: Passenger engines, thirty-five; freight engines, sixty-two; passenger cars, forty-eight; box cars, four hundred and sixty-eight; stock cars, two hundred and eighty-seven; flat cars, two hundred and sixty-six; baggage and express cars, twenty; caboose cars, twenty-nine; mail cars, six; miscellaneous cars, seven; total locomotives, ninety-seven; total cars, one thousand one hundred and twenty-nine. There were one thousand three hundred and fifty men engaged in changing the gauge, and so complete were the preparations and facilities for doing the work that the feat was accomplished in the incredibly short time of twelve hours, and without the loss or delay of a single train. The business of the road is progressing today as usual, and everything is working smoothly and well.

This great work has been accomplished under the immediate supervision of Col. H. C. Moore, the Chief Engineer and General Superintendent of the road, who has given his personal attention to all the details.

Presidential Party at Long Branch.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LONG BRANCH, July 19.—The President and family went in bathing on the beach. In the afternoon the party rode out, and was noticed and saluted by the guests at the Branch. The President intends stopping some time here. A meeting was held by the guests of the Stetson House and residents of Long Branch, and it was resolved that a grand ball should be given in honor of the President at the Stetson House on Monday evening, July 26th.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Mike Berry, who was shot at the St. Charles Hotel, in Cairo, a month ago, died last evening.

—Charles Wheeler, principal keeper in Sing Sing prison, has resigned his position. One-half of the convicts are still locked up.

—H. L. Frisbee, a young man employed as salesman in the house of Gordon, McMillan & Co., of Cleveland, drowned himself in Sandusky bay on Monday morning.

—A negro woman, name unknown, shot her husband in Jeffersonville, Ind., on Sunday, from the effect whereof he may die. The charge of infidelity, brought up by the husband, caused the affair.

—Chief Justice Chase arrived at Boston last night, at the Revere House. He goes to Hanover to-day, and will make a brief address on Wednesday at a dinner of the Dartmouth College Alumni, of which he is President.

—The State Assessor reports that the total valuation of taxable property of Nebraska is $42,000,000. Of this $8,000,000 is the property of the Union Pacific Railroad. This shows the valuation six times greater than in 1862.

—The work upon the Ohio river bridge, at Louisville, is progressing rapidly. The main channel on the Kentucky side of the falls in now closed up against the passage of vessels, the trestle work having been completed to the 13th pier.

—A fatal affray occurred near Henryville, Clarke county, Ind., on Thursday, whereby Hugh Maffett was killed by his brother-in-law, Robert Hilton. The men drank considerably during the day, and in the evening entered into a quarrel which resulted in the tragedy.

—A Helena, Montana, dispatch, says that Major Eastman and another man were attacked and wounded on the 16th, a few miles from Fort Benton. When the wounded men arrived at Fort Benton the citizens became excited and killed three Indians, who were in town, in retaliation.

—In Wenham, Mass., on Saturday, the house and barn of Franklin Hadley, together with a building used as a wheelwright's shop, was destroyed by fire. The house was occupied by Mr. Hadley and Dr. Robinson, who lost nearly all their furniture. The loss will amount to from $6,000 to $10,000.

—Messers. August Belmont & Co. refused, on Saturday, to obey the order of Judge McCunn, by which they were directed to place the Fenian fund of $20,000 in the hands of a Receiver appointed by the Court. Judge McCunn, upon learning this fact, ordered the disobedient parties to appear before him on Tuesday next and show reason why they should not be punished for contempt.

—During the chase on Gardiner's Island after the Cuban filibusters, Col. Ryan, it is said, was fired upon several times but escaped unhurt. He has a place of concealment from which he cannot be dislodged except by artillery. It is impossible for those not in the secret to reach the spot without risking their lives. He has with him now about seventy men. Among them are lawyers, physicians, artists, machinists and excellent musicians.

Additional Markets by Telegraph.

BUFFALO, July 19.—Receipts—4,000 barrels flour, 12,000 bushels wheat, and 62,000 bushels corn. Shipments—8,500 bushels wheat, 15,000 bushels corn, and 1,000 bushels oats. Freights to New York are held at 13c for wheat, 11c for corn, and 7½c for oats. Flour; spring is more active, and sales were made of 200 barrels western bakers' at $7, and 200 barrels western spring at $6,25. Wheat is dull, and the market closed with a better demand, and sales were made of 7,300 bushels spring, per sample, at $1,24; 8,000 bushels No. 2 Chicago at $1,36; 14,600 bushels No. 2 Milwaukee to arrive at $1,35; 7,300 bushels do. at $1,35½, and car lots of No. 1 Milwaukee Club at $1,45, closing firm. Corn is more active and the market is steady, with sales of 50,000 bushels, per sample, at 72c; 13,000 bushels, per sample, at 85c; 7,800 bushels No. 2 western, at 86c, and car lots at 87c. Oats quiet and firm, with sales of 2,700 bushels western at 75c. Peas: sales of 1 car buggy, at $1,10. Mill feed has advanced $2 per ton, and is quoted at $20 for coarse, $22 for fine, and $27 for finished. Highwines are dull at $1,02. Pork steady at $33,50. Lard steady at 19c.

ALBANY, July 19.—The cattle market was rather animated but irregular; the supply is in excess of the demand last week. A few head secured full prices, but many changed hands at a decline of ¼c per pound live weight on best, and ¼@¾c on medium and common. Texas steers sold down to 5c per lb, nearly 1½c below last week's prices; best drove Ky. steers brought 8¾c; light Ill. steers sold down to 6¾c. Sheep and Lambs dull at ¼@½c lower with a good supply and a moderate demand. Hog market strong for both heavy and light; Illinois averaging 180 lbs sold at $9,55@9,70, and averaging 270 $10,10 was freely bid and $10,12 asked.

NEW ORLEANS, July 19.—Cotton is steady at 32½c for middlings; sales 120, receipts 252 bales. Gold 135¾. Exchange sterling 150¼; New York sight ½ premium. Flour firm; superfine $6; XX $6,60; XXX $7. Corn $1,20. Oats 78c. Bran $1,05@1,07. Hay $26 for prime. Pork $34,50. Bacon, shoulders 15c; clear rib sides 18½c; clear sides 19c. Lard 19@20¼c for tierce; 21@23½ for keg. Sugar dull at 10@11c for common, and 13¾c for prime. Molasses 63c for prime fermenting. Whisky $1,12@1,15. Coffee 14½@15¼c for fair.

OSWEGO, July 19.—Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat is quiet and lower; No. 1 Milwaukee Club is held at $1,45@1,46. Corn is dull, with sales of 6,000 bushels bulk at 90c for No. 2, and 91½c for kiln-dried. Oats scarce and quiet. Corn meal is held at $1,75. Mill feed is unchanged. Canal freights are held at 8¾c for wheat, and 7¾c for corn to New York. Lake imports: 58,500 bushels wheat, and 30,500 bushels corn. Canal exports: 670 barrels flour, 53,500 bushels wheat, 3,000 bushels corn, and 7,200 bushels oats.

CHICAGO, July 19.—At open board new Wheat closed firm at $1,32. In the evening Wheat closed at $1,32½, seller for the month: $1,33@1,33½ sellor for August. No. 2 Corn sold to a moderate extent at 80c for June receipts. Nothing doing in lake freights.

MEMPHIS, July 19.—Cotton quiet. Wheat less firm, with sales of red at $1,10 @1,15, and white at $1,25 per bushel. Extra Family Flour at $7,00@7,50.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

The Humboldt Centenial.

The celebration of the centenial anniversary of the birth of Baron Von Humboldt, on the 14th of September next, promises to be a grand affair. It is now definitely arranged to erect a monument to the memory of the great historical traveler and philosopher on the Allegheny Commons, the laying of the corner stone of which will form a prominent feature in the programme of exercises at the celebration.

Pursuant to a published call, a public meeting, irrespective of nationality, was held at Turner Hall last evening to hear and take action on the report of the Committee appointed at a previous meeting to prepare a programme for the proposed celebration.

The meeting was called to order by the Chairman, Mr. Joseph Abel, who stated the object for which the meeting had been called.

The Secretary then read the minutes of the previous meeting, which were approved.

PROGRAMME.

Mr. Montzheimer, Secretary, then read the following programme which had been prepared by the Committee for the approval of the meeting:

MONDAY EVENING, Sept. 13.—Concert and Tableaux Vivants at the Academy of Music.

TUESDAY, Sept. 14.—Procession to Allegheny Commons; Laying of the Corner Stone of the Humboldt Monument; Procession to Iron City Park, where a Volk's Fest and Summer Nights' festival will be held.

On motion the temporary officers of the previous meeting were continued.

On motion it was resolved to take the programme seriatim, or by paragraph.

The first section was then read, when a lengthy discussion ensued.

Mr. Meinertzheyer was of the opinion that the celebration would be too lengthy in consequence of the "fore festival" or concert on Monday evening.

He was followed by several speakers, some favoring and others opposing the concert.

A vote being taken, it was decided to hold the concert by a vote of 52 yeas to 32 nays.

The programme for the second day was then taken up, and after a lengthy discussion was amended by striking out the summer night festival, and was then adopted as amended.

On motion the following gentlemen were appointed a Committee with instructions to appoint sub-Committees, to arrange the details for the celebration: Messrs. J. Montzheimer, O. Wuth, Dr. Emmerling, Dr. Ehrhart, Dr. Hardtmeyer, Jno. L. Sabita, Aug. Hartje, Dr. Meinertzheyer, Carl Shultz, Herr Stung, Dr. Achenbach, Bos. Koehler, Herr Ganwiech and Conrad.

THE MONUMENT.

The following communication was then read:

ALLEGHENY, July 15, 1869.

To Messrs Hartje, Siebeneck, Neeb and others, Committee:

GENTLEMEN: On Tuesday evening, the 13th inst., in compliance with your request, I called the attention of the Park Commissioners to the proposed demonstration to be held on the 14th of September in celebration of Baron Alexander Von Humboldt's centenial birthday, informing them that you thought one of the chief features of the proposed celebration should be the laying of the corner stone for a monument to that great patriarch of philosophy, and that you proposed to honor the Allegheny Park by selecting some portion of it, as the most suitable place, in which to erect the memorial.

It now affords me pleasure to communicate to you that the Commissioners were much pleased when the announcement was made, and have, by resolution, directed me to inform you that they will cheerfully allow the monument to be erected upon any site you may select, and that they will, at least, in addition to allotting the site, erect the foundation for the monument.

The Commissioners wish me to say that they will meet you in the contemplated movement in the most liberal spirit, and, as a body, take part in the celebration. Respectfully, yours,

JAMES PARK, JR.,
President, Park Commissioners.

The communication was received and a vote of thanks tendered the Commissioners for their liberal offer.

On motion, adjourned.

Man and Dog in Peril.

During, or soon after, one of the recent heavy rain showers a dog and his master narrowly escaped drowning in Birmingham, at the intersection of Denman and Washington Sts., where there are sewer drops. While the water was pouring down from the steep hillside the dog essayed to cross Denman street, but was caught in the torrent and quickly swept into the sewer, disappearing from view,—soon reappearing, but only to be forced back by the water. The master was an observer of his dog's extremity, and with a view to rescue started for the sewer drop, when he, too, was swept from his understandings by the current and floundered about for a few minutes, finally reaching terra firma, with assistance, thoroughly exhausted by his efforts to avoid being drawn into the vortex wherein his dog disappeared. He presented a sorry sight, covered with mud, eyes, ears and mouth filled with gravel, and minus his hat. A crowd of sympathizing citizens surrounded him, but he rejected all offers of assistance in his anxiety for his dog, and great was his joy when the "black and tan" emerged from the sewer drop, apparently very little the worse from his desperate experience. Man and dog soon departed amid congratulations upon their mutual escape.

That Map.

Yesterday we made allusion to a splendid Webber (No. 4 and 6 Sixth street) copy of the map of Pittsburgh as Pittsburgh was seventy-five years ago. The draughtsman, Mr. A. G. Haumann, spent nearly a full year's time in completing this work, having in addition to his labor of location to ascertain what occupied the positions he has carefully marked on the margin. The map is worth five times the amount charged for it, and we trust none will remain without it. It is for sale by L. J. Brecht, No. 128 Smithfield street, at a price which places it within the reach of all.

A FLYING TRIP TO THE CAPES.

[From an Occasional Correspondent.]

CAPE MAY, July 16, 1869.

MESSRS. EDITORS: I know of no more exhilarating and refreshing sight than is furnished here daily by the rolling surf, full of merry bathers, pitching, tossing and surging with each roll of the ocean. The hotels are full, and yet there is room. Tell our smoke-begrimed Pittsburghers to stay their labors for a brief season and come here if they wish genuine refreshment and real benefit. Whilst the mercury has been running up among the nineties in the cities, it has barely recorded eighty degrees here, and seldom above seventy. Think of the grand sea breeze, the bathing, and the other attractions offered here, but for one moment, and a visit would be planned which would never fall to be a happy reminiscence of one's life. I wonder that more Pittsburghers don't find their way here.

I cannot speak too highly of the hotel accommodations of this place, and at the head of the list I name the old Columbia, presided over by our friend Harry Dennison, formerly of Pittsburgh, and latterly of the St. Lawrence and Merchants Hotels of Philadelphia. The very best of everything is afforded with no stingy measure, and one can fare as well here as at the Monongahela or Continental.

The Cape is peculiarly lively just at present, owing to the visit of the celebrated Philadelphia Grey Reserve Regiment, P. M., numbering about six hundred men. Their equipment, bearing and drill are really excellent and reflect credit on our State.

Pittsburgh is pretty well represented here at present. I find on the Columbia register the names of Messrs. James P. Barr and Wm. H. Smith, our own party, Miss Butler, the family of Mr. R. T. Leech and some others, all apparently enjoying themselves hugely and appreciating the cool, fresh and clear atmosphere as only denizens of Smoketown can. For refreshments in the drinking way, including the finest spring water, soda waters cool and pure from the best of fountains, and all kinds of mineral waters, I would recommend our old Philadelphia friend, Mr. Jos. Riegle, proprietor of one of the finest cottages here, and well known for many years past to all visitors at the Cape. They publish two daily papers here, the Cape May *Wave* and the *Diamond*, both sprightly little sheets, with good circulations.

The surf here is grand, and the coast is full of bathers at almost all hours of the day. Let every Pittsburgher come and enjoy the pure air and the ocean bathing

Yours in haste. RAMBLER

Replenished His Stock.

Some time since Andrew Blockman rented a house from David Farnhoult. Andrew is an itinerant Jack of all trades, but has an especial aptitude for glazing windows and mending clocks, two branches of trade which he follows when other work is dull. In pursuance of these callings his stock of materials sometimes runs low, and many are the ingenious methods he employs to replenish them in lieu of capital. He was thus situated a few days ago when an extra order for filling in the doors of a number of clocks with glass came in. The workman had work, but unfortunately no material, and in this dilemna was wondering how to get over the difficulty, when a happy idea struck him, and in a twinkle was carried out. He divested the windows of his mansion of their glass, with which he finished the order, and received payment therefor. Unhappily he neglected, after receiving the money, to replace the glass in the windows, and this deficiency in the house soon became apparent to his landlord. An investigation revealed the facts of the case to that gentleman, who, thereupon, incensed at the conduct of his tenant, lodged information against him before Alderman Lynch for malicious mischief. Andrew was made acquainted with this action through the medium of a policeman, but instead of expressing repentance for his crime, avowed his determination to deprive every window in the house in the same manner, and threatened dire vengeance against the landlord if interfered with. This caused another information to be made against him for surety of the peace. He was arrested and held to answer in both cases. He thinks it strange that a man can't replenish his stock in trade without getting into law about it.

Amusements.

Pittsburgh will not lack amusements next fall and winter, as in addition to the Opera House and the Old Theater, we understand that the "Academy of Music" will be opened for a regular dramatic season by a gentleman, who, though a stranger to Pittsburgh, is well known to the theatrical world as an experienced manager and talented actor. Report, moreover, speaks of him as a man of means and enterprise, as we see his name, Mr. Morton Price, in print as lessee and owner of two or three theaters in England. So that we may reasonably presume he will not be easily disheartened if at the commencement his efforts are not responded to according to their deserts. His wife, Miss Catharine Lucette, has quite a great reputation as a singer and actress—qualities too seldom combined—and we learn is youthful and very handsome. As first class music is to be a large item of attraction, an eminent English composer and violinist has been engaged as leader of the orchestra, and we understand a first class company is in process of formation.

Committed for a Hearing.

Samuel Early was arrested yesterday, charged with burglary, on an information made before the Mayor by Chief of Police Hague. It appears that on the night of the 6th inst. the second hand clothing store of Frank Gilder, at No. 14 Wylie street, was entered by burglars, who were interrupted and consequently prevented from taking anything of value, by a young man who slept in the store. The interruption was so sudden and unexpected that the thieves fled, leaving behind a hat and pair of boots. Subsequently the boots were identified as belonging to Early, and hence the information. He was arrested and in default of bail for a hearing was committed to jail.

—The Dominion government has decided to release Father McMahon from confinement in the Provincial Penitentiary.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

DEDICATION.

BY EDWIN ROSSITER JOHNSON.

If that indeed were facts which seems
A pleasant universal fiction,
That's daily born of youthful dreams,
Nor dies of daily contradiction—

That every mortal has a mate,
And counterparts go blindly groping,
To find perchance, through fogs of fate,
The end of all their weary hoping—

I'd say: Whatever I have done
To manhood's earnest work befitting,
Be compensate to her alone
Who waits for me, though all unwitting:

Who puts the signs of pain away,
Lest grief too soon her cheek should furrow;
Who beats temptation back to-day,
That I may see some glad to-morrow;

Who dare not pluck a flower that grows
Beyond the path God spreads before her,
Nor ever think of passing those
That bloom beside it to adorn her:

Who strives to add a cubit yet
By faith unto her moral stature—
Dear soul!—lest I should feel regret
At finding less than mine her nature:

Whose hands train many a trailing vine
That mine had rudely left to perish,
And all its tendrils deftly twine
In folds that failing years shall cherish:

Whose steps will mark life's tune alway,
Though mine have stumbled, failed and blundered;
Whose spirit walks with mine to-day,
However far our feet are sundered.

—*Lippincott's Magazine.*

PENNSYLVANIA.

SCRANTON sports a concert saloon.

WILKESBARRE is to have a daily paper.

READING has organized a Musical Union.

BETHLEHEM came near electing a colored man to councils.

A LADY of Bethlehem cleared $109 on the fruit of two cherry trees.

GREENCASTLE, Franklin county, is to have an expensive town clock.

DR. ALFRED CREIGH has furnished a history of Washington county.

THE Lackawanna mining companies are bringing out Scotch miners.

THERE is talk of manning one of the Scranton coal mines with Chinese.

THE Wayne county soldiers' monument is about to be erected at Honesdale.

THE old State arsenal at Meadville, built in 1817, was torn down last week.

THE supposed suicide boy Bell, of Waynesburg, has turned up in Canada.

PETER HOOVER, aged seventy, died last week at his residence in Clearfield county.

TITUSVILLE puts in a claim as a place of summer resort. It deserves recognition.

IT is said that the potato crop throughout Lebanon will be immense. Ditto in Berks.

LOUIS BEAR, of Lowhill, Lehigh Co., recently found a sextuple head of rye in one of his fields.

A PRIZE fight occurred at Smithfield, Fayette county, a few days ago, lasting one hour and a quarter.

EIGHT men were injured by a fire-damp explosion in the Empire colliery at Wilkesbarre, last week.

GEORGE EARHARDT, of Adamsburg, Westmoreland county, was crushed to death last week by a rolling log.

MR. JAMES EVANS, Mrs. John Boston and William Alexander, all old citizens of Mercer county, died recently.

THE Washington *Reporter* takes down the name of McCracken for State Senator but refuses to hoist that of Mr. Rutan.

JOHN R. TURNER, of Chambersburg, is under arrest for having forged a judgment note of $6,800 on Mr. Henry Sheplar.

MRS. RHODA BUCHANAN, relict of the late Hon. Andrew Buchanan, died suddenly at Waynesburg on Tuesday of last week.

A LAD named Miles had his leg cut off by a mowing machine, while working on his mother's farm, at Miles Grove, Erie county.

JACOB HOTTENSTEIN, a citizen of Weisenberg township, Lehigh county, committed suicide on Friday week by cutting his throat with a razor.

AT Mercer a boy fifteen years old, named Chas. W. Arnold, was killed by the back stroke of a sledge hammer, with which a man was driving a post down.

HON. ISAAC BEIDLESPACH, one of the Associate Judges of Northumberland county, died at his residence in Point township, on Thursday last. He had an attack of apoplexy the night previous, which caused his death.

THE Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company are making preparations to lay two extra tracks the entire distance from Pottsville to Philadelphia, to accommodate their rapidly increasing business. There is probably no road in the United States of the same length that does the same amount of business.

PETER MAURER, aged about seventy years, in the employ of David Weidner, farmer, living at Greshville, Berks county, was killed on Tuesday afternoon at that place by the upsetting of a wagon of grain, which he was hurriedly hauling to escape an approaching rain. The injuries he received were principally upon the back of his head. He lived but fifteen minutes after the accident.

THE Allentown *Democrat* says: At present there are about fifty slate quarries in full operation in Lehigh and Northampton counties, which, during the last year, produced about two hundred thousand squares of slate; out of these, according to the prices obtained, were realized $1,500,000, with a net profit of about $750,000. The estimated capital is estimated at $1,700,000, which shows a result of fifty per cent. profit on the amount invested. Besides, the quarries can only fill about half their orders, and what they do fill they bring to market under difficulties. All the quarries in Northampton, excepting a few, have to drag their slate from two to fifteen miles on wagons, which is a great drawback—an immense waste of time and money.

ORME, the Broadhead murderer, who is to hang at Stroudsburg, Monroe county, on the 11th proximo, receives very rough treatment from the hands of the jailor, if all he and his sympathizer asserts be true. In a published statement he says: "My clothing was all wet and dirty when put in here. I had to keep them on me till they dried, and for near four months I never got a change of any kind only a shirt. For ten months I have not been able to undress night and day. I have the same clothing on. I have been able to wash *twice* in that time, and I got my pants changed *three* times during the same time. I got leave to wash once a week, that is my face and hands. During them four months I never had the handcuffs off for half an hour, the only chance or opportunity I got was at night when I got the candle I would *try and burn the vermine out of the seams of my pants and wherever I could get at them.* I could not get at the back part of my pants for the handcuffs, nor the legs, for the chains."

This statement is credited, and it certainly forms refreshing reading matter in this nineteenth centurp, of model prisons and general humanity.

OHIO.

THE Opera House at Akron was opened last night.

LYMAN BARKER, of Copley, hung himself on a rafter in his own barn, last Wednesday.

IT is estimated that about 100,000 lbs. of wool has been sold in Harrison county this season. Prices have ranged from 40 to 45 cents.

A PITTSBURGH bride on her wedding tour to Zanesville, took an overdose of laudanum for the toothache, and came nigh killing herself.

AN emigrant woman from Norway gave birth to a child on an emigrant train on the Pan Handle road between Newark and Columbus, last week. Mother and child are doing well, except that they are going to Chicago.

A HORSE was killed at Pomeroy the other day by being impaled on the coupling-pole of a wagon in advance, which was stopped to unlock. The pole entered his breast, and was driven nearly through him endwise.

A LITTLE boy, son of W. H. McCoy, of Cadiz, was choked to death while eating peanuts a few days since. His windpipe was opened as a last resort, but without avail, as pieces of the nut had passed into the bronchial tubes.

THE wife of Rev. Mr. Cheshborough, of the M. E. Church, at Newbury, was nearly burned to death on Saturday afternoon, 10th inst., by the explosion of a can of kerosene oil. She undertook to revive a smouldering fire by pouring the fluid upon it.

STEEL LEWIS, living near Mansfield, rode a mule to Petersburg last Monday evening, and it came home the same evening riderless, with the saddle turned. Mr. Lewis was found the next morning nearly lifeless upon the road, the mule having dragged him in the stirrups about a quarter of a mile. He died on Tuesday.

THE following advertisement appears in the Fremont *Messenger*: "Ezra Knapp, a boy fourteen years old, has left his home and gone to work for John Scanlon, for an old fur cap and fiddle. His father and mother are living, and are able to support him. All persons are requested not to keep him over night or give him anything to eat."

A POOR WOMAN arrived at Orangeville, a short time since, direct from the old country, accompanied by several little children, to meet her husband, who had preceded her some months. On her arrival she met with the crushing intelligence that her husband, whom she had come so far to meet, had been accidentally killed in a coal bank but a day or two previous.

ST. LOUIS.

Spicy Letter from Hitty Maginn.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, July 16, 1869.

It really seems as if the old political issues were at last really giving up the ghost. A few galvanized dead men still talk about reconstruction and negro suffrage, and radical misrule in the South, but it is on the whole remarkable how little space such topics now occupy in the press. Here in St. Louis our papers are occupied with the subject of Protective Tariffs, direct trade with Europe and South America, the removal of the Capital, and a dozen other legitimate themes for political discussion, none of which grow out of the war, unless remotely, or relate especially to the condition of the South.

This is as it should be. When sectional differences occupy less time and spare in our public prints, they will die out. Nothing like continual stirring to keep a pool foul; let it alone, and it will settle and become clear of itself.

We are going to have the Capitol removed here. The *Democrat* says so, and the Chicago *Tribune* is in for it, for some mysterious reason. The west is beginning to clamor for it, and I doubt not they will before many years accomplish their purpose. There is little reverence here for the historical associations which have clustered about the name of Washington. In fact the bump of reverence don't predominate in the western cranium. They even speak disrespectfully of the father of his country, whose effigy, in enduring brass, adorns Lafayette Park.

They actually urge that as an additional reason for locating the Capital here, because already possessing statues of Washington and the immortal Benton, we can afford to leave the statuary embellishments of Washington City where they are. The Jackson, in majestic equipoise, the Columbus, with his eye fixed on some imaginary pins, and his countenance aglow in anticipation of a ten-strike, and that other Washington, sitting in God-like attitude, waiting for his only shirt to be washed. All these could be left to the society and the admiration of the boarding house keepers and gentle nymphs who adorn Pennsylvania avenue.

Doubtless on general principles a location geographically central is best for a National Capital, and yet this reason for removal is weaker every year. With increased facilities for intercommunication, the difference of 1,000 miles in any direction is continually of less moment. The fact is, there is a feeling here that the East has too great influence in our politics. That New York and Pennsylvania and New England control too much of our legislation for their local interests. It is this which stirs up the West to such an enterprise as they propose, and will insist on. Here is the future center of population, here must be the center of political influence.

The question of Chinese immigration is becoming one of importance. Shall we invite the teeming millions of Asia to this soil? Shall we bring their religion and their civilization face to face with Christianity and Christian civilization? In case of a contest for the mastery between the old and the new, shall we make our continent the battle-field? We doubt not the result, but do we desire the conflict.

These and other questions growing out of this subject must before long claim the attention of our statesmen. It may be we shall have to modify some of the once accepted theories, in view of this anticipated stream of immigration, and sometime repel the tide we have hitherto invited.

HITTY MAGINN.

A Shocking Story.

A Lexington (Ky.) dispatch says: The community was startled and horrified on yesterday by a report that Thos. H. Irvine, a farmer of this county, and for many years President of the Richmond Stage Company, had attempted to force his daughter, a handsome and sprightly little girl some fourteen years of age, to marry a young man named Broadwell Keith, and she persisting in a refusal, he held a pistol to her head and allowed Keith to lavish caresses on the unwilling girl. Even then she would not consent to marry him, and the father shut her in a room with Keith, and told him that "she would be d—d glad to marry him when he had gotten through with her." She made her escape from the room, and Keith ran after her and brought her back to the house, and Irvine locked her in an upper room. Her stepmother had gone to Mr. Henry Bowman's, who lives near by, to escape her husband's cruelty, and the poor little prisoner managed to send her, by a negro woman, the following note, written hastily on a scrap of paper:

"*Dear Ma:* For God's sake, come home, or send somebody here; for pa is trying to make Broad Keith sleep with me. What on earth will I do? Please come or send. He will not let me come down stairs. Oh! what will I do? I am in the hands of God until some one comes to help me. Please, oh! please send me some help. He has burst the bolt off the door already,"

Mrs. Irvin gave the note to Mr. Bowman, who immediately went to her rescue, and seeing her at the window of the room in which she was confined, placed a ladder, which happened to be at hand, and she came down on it, and thus escaped the clutches of her unnatural father and an unscrupulous lover.

Mr. Bowman brought her to town and placed her at Capt. Beard's, where she found protection and all the sympathy and tenderness which kind-hearted people would naturally show to one in her forlorn condition.

Warrants were issued for the arrest of Irvine and Keith, and they were brought to town by Deputy Sheriffs Cochrane and Didlake, and the trial set for yesterday afternoon, but the hearing was postponed till this morning at 9 o'clock. Irvine was released on bail, but Keith was sent to jail in default of $5,000 bail.

Eatable Mushrooms.

Few persons in this country are aware of the number of species of fungi, or mushrooms, that are capable of being made useful as food, or for sauces, and of the excellent qualities that many of them present. One or two species, gathered with much apprehension, and frowned upon by most persons, exhaust the stock of availables in this direction, while our more fortunate or more learned foreign brethren have at their command varieties that serve to replace nearly every kind of food, or at least aid in giving to them a piquant flavor. One species, known as "vegetable beefsteak," cut in slices, stewed for half an hour, and then fried with gravy, would be readily mistaken, with the eyes shut, for the article the name of which it bears. The puff balls sliced, fried with egg and a few bread crumbs and fine herbs, present no distant resemblance to a very fine omelette.

Another species, called the "fairy ring mushroom," which is found on every grass plat in Europe, when boiled, on toast and before the fire under the cover, makes a dish "fit to set before the king." Another furnishes an excellent substitute for sweet breads. The English cookery books abound in recipes for dressing these different forms of fungi, in every imaginable way, no less than a hundred recipes being found in some of them. It is, of course, well to be careful in regard to the use of mushrooms in this country, and where there is reasonable doubt it is best to abstain from them altogether. It is said to be perfectly possible by means of simple and intelligible instructions to distinguish between the noxious and useful kinds, though we shall not attempt here to give the rules which are published on this subject, for fear of leading some of our readers into difficulty.

We are assured that all the varieties that are known to the French and English cooks are found in this country, and some species of finer qualities than any that are met with abroad. The total number of species that are merely eatable, but actually desirable, as articles of food, amounts, we believe, to as many as sixty; and it is said that the proportion of the poisonous kinds to those that are wholesome, is not greater than exists between the wild fruits and berries that are ordinarily met with.

London.

The area of London, including the villages in the suburbs, amounts to 78,000 acres, or very nearly 122 square miles. This is London as defined by the Registrar General of vital statistics, and includes Hampstead, Kentish Town and Stoke Newington on the north; Wandsworth, Norwood and Sydenham on the south; Bow, Poplar and Greenwich on the east; and Kensington, Hammersmith and Fulham on the west. On this area, including these suburbs, stand over 400,000 inhabited houses, with an average of nearly eight persons to a house, giving a mean density of forty persons to each acre. The population of London, in 1868, is only based on estimates, no census having been taken since 1861; but by taking the average annual increase which prevailed between 1841 and 1861, it is believed that the number of inhabitants amounts to 3,126,635 souls. The county rate assessment of 1866 placed the annual income derived from property in London at $76,309,995. The elevation of London varies from eleven feet below high water mark to 429 feet above high water mark at Hampstead. The population resides at a mean elevation of 39 feet above high water mark. After Hampstead, the most considerable elevations in London are Shooter's Hill, 411 feet, and Sydenham Hill, 360 feet above high water mark.

WHEN TO WORK.—The *American Agriculturist* is "down" upon the practice of some farmers of rising in the early morning and working an hour or two before breakfast, on the ground that the air so early in the day is dank, damp and unwholesome. It commends that the breakfast should be taken before going afield, and then the air will have become purified and dried by the ascending sun. We do not know about the health, but for the comfort of the thing, we vote for early labor. We ought to say, however, that this is our theory, not our practice.

THE centre line for the East River Bridge at New York, has been surveyed, on both sides of the river, by Mr. Roebling, the engineer, and material for the abutments is preparing rapidly.

GAS FIXTURES

WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,
AND LAMP GOODS.
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS.
BENZINE, &c.
No. 147 Wood Street.
se9:u22 Between 5th and 6th Avenue.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.

SELF LABELING
FRUIT-CAN TOP.
COLLINS & WRIGHT,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.

It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,

by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing t. mh25

PIPES, CHIMNEY TOPS, &c.

WATER PIPES,
CHIMNEY TOPS
A large assortment,
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap14:h37 2d Avenue, near Smithfield St.

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.
100 WOOD STREET.

R. E. BREED & CO.
NEW GOODS.
FINE VASES,
BOHEMIAN AND CHINA.
NEW STYLES,
DINNER SETS,
TEA SETS,
GIFT CUPS,
SMOKING SETS,
A large stock of
SILVER PLATED GOODS
of all descriptions.
Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.
R. E. BREED & CO.
R. E. BREED & CO.
100 WOOD STREET.

UPHOLSTERY.

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD.
No. 100 Third Avenue,
Upholsters and Dealers in Curtain Goods,
Direct the attention of their friends and the public to their finely assorted stock of Lace and Nottingham Curtains Vestibule Laces, Damask Reps, Ferry's Mexican cloth, Satin, Delanes, Gilt Cornices, Gilt and Walnut Mouldings, Spring Beds of superior make, Hair Matrasses (pure white hair,) Pillows, Bolsters, and everything pertaining to a first-class bed. The latest Paris and Berlin designs for Draperies at the inspection of their customers. Pure white Eastern Show Feathers always on hand.
HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD.
NO. 100 THIRD AVENUE.
mv8:193

FLOUR.

PEARL MILL FAMILY FLOUR.
PEARL MILL Three Star Green Brand, equal to
FRENCH FAMILY FLOUR.
This Flour will only be sent out when especially ordered.
PEARL MILL BLUE BRAND,
Equal to best St. Louis.
PEARL MILL RED BRAND,
Equal to best Ohio Flour.
WHITE CORN FLOUR AND CORN MEAL.
E. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,
Allegheny, Sept. 9, 1868. PEARL MILL.

ICE.

ICE! ICE! ICE!
WM. KREBS,
ICE DEALER,
No. 55 Diamond Alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Orders addressed to W. KREBS, Eighth ward, Allegheny, will receive prompt attention. Wagons running in Pittsburgh and Allegheny. my15:110

LIVERY STABLES.

JOHN H. STEWART.....ROBT. H. PATTERSON.
ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,
LIVERY, SALE AND
COMMISSION STABLES
COR. SEVENTH AVENUE & LIBERTY ST.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ap26:h4

LITHOGRAPHERS.

BENJAMIN SINGERLY.....PHILIP CLEIS,
SINGERLY & CLEIS, Successors to GEO. F. SCHUCHMAN & CO.,
PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS.
The only Steam Lithographic Establishment West of the Mountains. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c., Nos. 72 and 74 Third street, Pittsburgh.

STONE.

WEST COMMON
Machine Stone Works,
Northwest corner of West Common Allegheny.
FRED'K ATWATER & CO.
Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewers' Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.
Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable

J. E. SWINT.....J. M. BRATT
SWINT & BRATT,
ARCHITECTURAL AND
ORNAMENTAL CARVERS,
No. 68 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.
A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING of all descriptions done

KEYSTONE POTTERY.
S. M. KIER & CO.,
Manufacturers of
QUEENSWARE, BRISTOL WARE &c.
office and Warehouse, 363 LIBERTY STREET
All orders promptly attended to.

CARPETS.

JULY, 1869.
SPECIAL SALE OF
CARPETS.
We offer at Retail, for THIRTY DAYS ONLY, a line of New and Choice Patterns
English Tapestry, Brussels, Ingrain, and Other Carpets,
AT LESS THAN COST OF IMPORTATION, and our entire stock at prices which make it an object to buy this month, as these goods have never been offered so low.
Our Store will close at 5 P. M. until September first.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
No. 71 and 73 FIFTH AVENUE,
jy9:d&T (Second Floor).

CARPETS,
Floor Oil Cloths,
MATTINGS,
Window Shades,
AT LOW PRICES.
We offer many of our goods much below last Spring's prices. Those needing goods in our line can save money by buying at once.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
jy14:d&T

NEW CARPETS!
June, 1869.
We are now opening an assortment unparalleled in this city of FINEST
VELVETS BRUSSELS THREE-PLYS,
The Very Newest Designs,
Of our own recent importation and selected from eastern manufacturers.
MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED
INGRAINS,
VERY SUPERIOR
QUALITY AND COLORS.
An Extra Quality of Rag Carpet.
We are now selling many of the above at
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
M'CALLUM BROS.,
No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,
je12

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED A
FINE SELECTION OF
BRUSSELS,
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS
THREE PLY AND
INGRAIN CARPETS.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
WHITE, CHECK & FANCY
MATTINGS,
FOR SUMMER WEAR,
IN THE CITY.
STOCK FULL IN ALL DEPARTMENTS
AT
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO'S.
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

WALL PAPERS.

WALL PAPER
AND
WINDOW SHADES,
OF
New and Handsome Designs,
NOW OPENING AT
No. 107 Market Street
(NEAR FIFTH AVENUE,)
Embracing a large and carefully selected stock of the newest designs from the FINEST STAMPED GOLD to the CHEAPEST ARTICLE known to the trade. All of which we offer at prices that will pay buyers to examine.
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
mh23:g41

WALL PAPER.
THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE,
W. P. MARSHALL'S
NEW WALL PAPER STORE,
191 Liberty Street,
(NEAR MARKET,)
SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY. mh8

HAIR AND PERFUMERY.

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. 133 Third street, near Smithfield, Pittsburgh.
Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies, WIGS, BANDS, CURLS: Gentlemen's WIGS, TOPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner. mh2 u3

DRY GOODS.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Dry Goods and Notions,
AT EASTERN PRICES.
J. G. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON
NEW SPRING GOODS
JUST OPENED,
AT
THEODORE F. PHILLIPS',
87 Market Street,
Prints, Muslins, Dress Goods,
SILKS, SHAWLS.
FULL LINE OF
SILK SACQUES,
Very Cheap.
87. MARKET STREET. 87.
ap3

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET.
Third door above Diamond alley.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,
IMPORTERS OF
WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, &C.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PURE RYE WHISKIES,
409 PENN STREET.
Have Removed to
NOS. 384 AND 386 PENN,
Cor. Eleventh St., (formerly Canal.)

J. L. DILLINGER.....A. E. STEVENSON.
DILLINGER & STEVENSON,
DISTILLERS AND DEALERS IN
Pure Rye Whiskies.
IMPORTERS OF
BRANDIES, WINES, GINS, &C.,
No. 87 Second Avenue,
ap20 PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,
Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195,
FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.
Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS. HOPS, &c. mh28:n57

MERCHANT TAILORS.

B. TIEGEL,
(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
se26:y21

NEW SPRING GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,
Just received by HENRY MEYER.
se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

DR. WHITTIER
CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL
private diseases. Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produces some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.
A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, pruritis, Amenorrhoea, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhoea, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.
It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.
The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases, that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.
The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms, is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case, and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while in others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who have failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A.M. to 8 P.M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P.M. Office, No. 9 WYLIE STREET, (near Court House,) Pittsburgh, Pa

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, July 19, 1869.

CATTLE.

There was an increased supply of Cattle on sale to day, compared with last week, fully 700 head, against 570, and there was an unusually large number of these from adjoining counties. The number from the West was about the same as last week, but there was an increased number of State Cattle on sale. Of the Cattle from the West, 3 cars were from Chicago; 2 from Cincinnati; 1 from Indianapolis; 1 from Mansfield; 2 from Newark; 3 from Salem; 1 from Caledonia and 1 from Bellair. In addition, we have sales reported of 149 head from Washington Co.; 36 from Butler and 24 from Green, making in the aggregate, 209 head of Pennsylvania Cattle, and this is the largest number that has been on sale on any one market day this season.

The market was fairly active, and there were but very few, if any, left over unsold, though, upon the whole, prices were not as high as last week. Prime fat steers sold readily at full prices, but there were but few of this kind in market, the bulk of the offerings consisting mainly of medium grass cattle, and not the kind usually sought after by the best butchers. As will be seen by reference to the report of sales, some few No. 1 steers sold at 8, but the great proportion of the best cattle sold at 7¼@7¾. The only inquiry for shipment, that we heard of, came from Peter Klemen, who was looking after a car load of bulls, but the most of these animals had been bought up before Peter made his appearance. Hazlewood & Blackstock had some fine cattle, and for these fancy prices were realized.

Jas. Hanlin 28 head mixed Washington Co. stock, at 4@6 cts.

Jas. Kerr 3 head Green county heifers, at 5½.

Jacob Rothchilds 21 head Ohio heifers, at 7@7¼.

Garwin & Co. 5 head Butler Co. steers, at 5½.

P. Sheitemantle 18 head Butler Co. cows and steers, at 4@5½.

L. Rothchilds 22 head Washington Co. steers and heifers, at 5@7 cts.

S. Kaufman 7 head Washington Co. steers and heifers, at 4½@6.

Keefer & Katz 46 head Washington Co. steers and heifers, at 5@6½.

Stakely & Bro. 13 head mixed Butler Co. stock, at 4@5½.

M. Verner 18 head Ohio steers, at 6@7¾; 16 head Washington Co. steers, at 5@6¼.

P. Hartman 24 head Green Co. stock, at 6½@7,65.

S. Marks & Bro. 60 head Western steers, at 6@8.

Traurman & Lobman 30 head Washington Co., steers, at 7@7½; 27 head mixed stock, at 4½@7¼.

Haas & Kranz 65 head Ohio and Kentucky stock, at 5@7¼.

Greenwald & Kahn 66 head Ohio steers, at 6@7¾.

John Cullen 18 head Indiana steers, at 7¾; also bought 18 head Western Reserve steers and cows, at 6@6¼.

Holmes, Lafferty & Co. 40 head mixed stock, at 5¼@7½.

N. Carr 19 head Marion Co., steers, at 6¼@7¼.

Smith & Blue 16 head Chicago steers, at 6¼@6¾.

L. & J. Shamberg 40 head unsold.

J. McAllister 21 head mixed Ohio stock, at an average of 7c.

Jacob Needy 32 head Ohio steers, at 7¼@8.

Hazlewood & Blackstock 70 head Ohio and Illinois, at 6½@8½.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

The supply of this class of stock on sale to-day was remarkably light, only 700 head, and these were mainly of the commoner grades. The best sheep and lambs sold readily and that, too, at an advance over last week, and we have no doubt many of the butchers had to go home as they came, empty handed. It is probable that good fat sheep, if there had been any such in market, would have brought 5, perhaps 5¼ or 5½c. per pound, though we did not hear of any having been sold at these quotations, because there were none of this kind on sale. Lambs sold at from $1,50 to $3,75 per head.

Jacob Rinn 40 head sheep, at an average of $3 per head.

Adam Eckert 50 lambs, at $2@3,25 per head.

M. Flinner 190 head—sheep at $1@2.50; lambs at $1,25@3.25.

Garwin & Co. 160 head—sheep at an average of $3 per head; lambs at $2¼.

Stakely & Bro. 44 lambs, at $2@3.¾

Isaac Williams 60 head sheep, at $2,50@3,25.

Jonathan Davis 160 head—sheep, at $2,00@2,50; lambs, $1,50@2,50.

HOGS.

There is considerable inquiry for stock hogs and we can report sales at 10@10½. Fat hogs are only in moderate demand, and bring but little, if any, more than stockers. The latter may be quoted at 10@11c. per gross.

WOOL MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, July 19, 1869.

The market continues quiet with but little doing. No change in prices.

So soon as the harvest is over we expect to see the bulk of wools in growers' hands selling—although at present a difference of several cents exists between the views of buyers and sellers. We quote fine wools at 40@43; choice clips 43@45; coarse wool 42@45; tub washed and combing wool at 45@48.

Slack & Southwick's circular, dated June 17th, states: "There has been very little change in the market the past week; medium and low grades continue to sell at 47@50, while the fine grades are neglected. The future of the market is uncertain; much will depend upon how woolen goods sell, and also the auction sale, of wool in New York. On the 15th of June, 280,000 pounds were sold. The highest grades of West Virginia and Ohio brought comparatively the lowest prices."

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, July 19.—Cotton dull, with sales 185 bales at 34½c for uplands. Flour—receipts 14,560 bbls; market dull and in buyers' favor, with sales at $5,10 @5,65 for superfine State and western, $6,25@6,80 for common to choice extra, $6@6,85 for do. western, $6,90@7,25 for good to choice white wheat extra, $6,40@7 for common to choice round hoop Ohio, $7@7,50 for common to fair extra St. Louis, and $8@10 for good to choice do., closing. California Flour without decided change, with sales 350 bbls. Rye Flour firm, with sales 300 bbls at $4,50@6,60. Corn Meal quiet. Whisky firmer, with sales 100 bbls western at $1,05@1,06, free. Wheat—receipts 142,763 bush; the market is in moderate supply and a shade firmer; closing quiet at $1,44, No. 3 spring; 49@49½c No. 2 do; 52½@53c No. 1 do; 50@55c winter red western; 55c amber state; 70c for white California. Rye steady and quiet. Barley and Barley Malt dull and nominal. Corn—receipts 39,627 bu, 1c better and a good inquiry, partly speculative; 75@90c for unsound new mixed western; 91@96½c for sound; 96c for white western; 98c for western yellow. Oats—receipts 13,200 bu and dull and lower at 80½@81c for western afloat. Stock of grain in warehouse—wheat 560,390 bu, including 355,240 bu California; corn 537,021 bu; oats 183,493 bu; rye 63,597 bu; barley 1,788 bu; malt 93,327 bu; peas 25,851 bu. Rice dull and unchanged. Coffee—Rio ¼c better and in good demand; sales 6,500 bags on private terms. Sugar quiet and steady at 11¾c for Porto Rico; 12¾c for Cuba. Molasses dull and unchanged. Hops quiet at 11@15c for American. Petroleum dull, at 16¾@17c for crude and 31¼@31½c for refined. Linseed Oil dull at 98c @$1,00 in casks. Pork quiet and firm; sales of 450 bbls, at $32,45@32,62 for new mess, closing at $32,50 cash; $31,75 for old do.; $26,50@27,43 for prime; $28,50@29,00 for prime mess. Beef unchanged; sales of 180 bbls. Beef Hams steady; sales of 165 bbls at $25,00@32,50. Cut Meats quiet and steady; sales of 135 pkgs, at 13½@14c for shoulders and 16¼@17c for hams. Middles firm and quiet. Lard quiet and a shade firmer: sales of 400 tierces, at 17½@19¾c, chiefly 19¾c, for steam, and 20@20¼c for kettle rendered. Butter quiet, at 16@29c for Ohio and 16@31c for State. Cheese steady at 11@15c. Turpentine quiet and unchanged. Freights unchanged. Freights to Liverpool dull. Shipments of 35,000 bush wheat, at 7¾d. per sail and 9d. per steamer.

Latest—Flour market closed dull and slightly in buyers' favor. Wheat quiet at $1,47@1,50 for No. 2, and $1,53 for No. 1 spring. Rye dull at $1,26@1,27 for western. Oats dull and heavy at 80@81c for western afloat. Corn quiet at 92@96c for sound, and 74@80c for unsound mixed western. Pork quiet at $32,50 for mess. Beef in moderate request and unchanged. Cut meats and Bacon quiet without decided change. Lard steady at 19¾c for prime steam. Eggs steady.

ST. LOUIS, July 19.—Tobacco steady and firm at full prices. Of Hemp and Cotton there were no sales. Flour dull, and low grades 10@15c cheaper; superfine sold at $4,75@6,50, double extra at $5,75@6,50, treble extra to fancy at $7@9,75. Wheat is lower for medium and low grades of fall, with small sales; choice club sold at $1,20, prime to strictly prime red fall at $1,20@1,25, choice at $1,30@1,35, strictly choice to fancy red and white at $1,40@1,50. Corn higher; sales of mixed in elevator at 90c, yellow at 92½c, white at 97½c, mixed in sacks at 98c@$1,00, yellow at $1,03@1,05, white at $1,06@1,08. Oats; buyers stood off and business was small at 72½c for mixed, and 73@74c for white. In Rye there was nothing done. Whisky is slow at $1,02. Groceries quiet and unchanged. Sugar 12¾@13½c for fair to full fair, 13⅝@14c for prime, and 14¼@14¾c for choice. Molasses 65@80c for Plantation. Provisions firm but not much doing. Pork sold at $33,25@33,50. Dry salt meat, 17c refused for loose clear sides. Bacon sold at 14½c; shoulders 18c; clear rib sides held at 18¼c; clear sides 18½c. Lard; nothing doing and nominal at 18¼@18½c. Cattle quiet and unchanged at 3½@6½c. Hogs 7@9¾c for light to extra heavy. Receipts—1,000 bbls flour, 37,000 bush wheat, 8,700 bush corn, 150 head hogs, 11,300 bush oats, 400 bush barley.

CHICAGO, July 19.—Eastern exchange quiet, 1-10 per cent. off buying, and par selling. Flour quiet, $5,85@6,75 for spring extra. Wheat quiet, ½@¾c lower; sales of No. 1 at $1,33@1,34, and $1,30½@1,32½ for No. 2, closing quiet, steady and unchanged for No. 1, and at $1,32@1,32½ for No. 2. This afternoon the market was dull, at $1,32 seller July. Corn dull; sales of No. 1 at 83c, No. 2 at 80@82c for fresh; 72c for June and 74@78c for July receipts; closing at 76@78c for July and 81c for fresh receipts; rejected 68@70c, no grade 56@57c. This afternoon the market was firmer at 78@81c for July and fresh receipts of No. 2, and at 84c seller August. Oats dull, ¼@½c lower; sales of No. 2 at 65¼@66½c, closing at 66@66¼c. Rye steady at $1,06 for No. 1, and $1,04@1,05 for No. 2. Barley inactive and nominal. Highwines quiet at $1,00. Sugar 13¾@14¾c for common to prime Cuba. Provisions dull and nominal at $33 for mess pork, 18¾@19c for lard, and 13c for dry salted shoulders. Freights dull and unchanged. Receipts during the past twenty-four hours: 3,077 bbls flour, 49,146 bush wheat, 44,945 bush corn, 14,206 bush oats, 494 bush rye, 1,788 bush hogs. Shipments: 2,607 bbls flour, 49,863 bush wheat, 6,722 bush corn, 90 bush oats, 8,354 bush rye, 3,959 hogs.

CINCINNATI, July 19.—Flour dull, with sales of family at $5.75@6. Wheat dull, with sales of red at $1,20, and $1,25 for old; no sales of new. Corn dull and drooping, with sales of ear at 73@74c. Oats firmer and a shade higher, with sales at 73@76c. Rye is dull, with sales of new at $1. Cotton is dull and unchanged. There were no sales of Tobacco. Whisky firm at $1. Provisions are firm but quiet. Mess Pork, $33. Bulk meats, 13@15¾c. Bacon, 14½c, 18@18¼c. Lard, 19½c; no sales of importance were made, but all the articles are held firmly at the above quotations. Sugar cured hams are held at 21½@22½c, and firm; stock light. Butter unchanged, with sales of fresh at 24@28c. Eggs, 15c. There is no change in the oil market and prices are dull, with sales of Linseed at $1,00. Groceries are unchanged and quiet, excepting refined Sugar, which is ¼@¼c higher. Potatoes are very plenty and dull at $1@1,25 per barrel and 40c per bushel. Gold, 135¼ buying. Exchange is firm, buying at par. The money market is unchanged.

CLEVELAND, July 19.—Flour; city made $9 for treble extra white, $8 for double extra amber, $6,75@7,00 for double extra red winter, $6 for extra red winter, and $6,50 for double extra spring; country made $7,50@8,25 for extra white, $6,25@7,25 for double extra red and amber, and $6,25@6,75 for double extra spring. Wheat; sales one car No. 1 red winter at $1,39; two cars No. 2 do at $1,33. Corn; No. 1 held at 92c; sales three cars No. 2 at 87c. Oats; sales one car at 73½c. Rye; No. 2 held at $1,10. Barley dull and nominal. Petroleum market dull and nominal for refined; no reliable quotations can be given; crude held at $6,40.

TOLEDO, July 19.—Flour dull and a shade lower; double extra and fancy brands, $6@8. Wheat 3@5c lower; amber, $1,41@1,41½; white Michigan regular at $1,40 for No. 1; white, $1,65. Corn quiet and unchanged; sales No. 1 at 87c; No. 2 at 82c, and rejected at 69c. Oats quiet; Michigan sold at 71½; No. 1 71c. Rye quiet and nominal; $1,10 for No. 1 and Michigan. Receipts were flour 1,200 bbls, wheat 3,800 bush, corn 8,300 bush, oats 1,900 bush. Shipments were flour 600 bbls, wheat 7,00 bush, corn 2,600 bush, oats 1,400 bush.

BALTIMORE, July 19.—Flour dull; western superfine $5,25@5,75, extra $5,75 6,75, family $7,25@7,75. Wheat firm; red $1,50@1,60, choice $1,65. Corn higher; white $1,10@1,12. yellow $1,12@1,18. Oats, new, 70@72c. Provisions unchanged. Mess pork quiet, $34. Bacon active; ribs sides 18¼@18½c, clear rib 18½@18¾c, shoulders 14½c, hams 20¼@23c. Lard dull. 19½@20c. Whisky, none here, would command $1,08@1,10.

LOUISVILLE, July 19.—Flour is firm and in good demand with sales of superfine at $4,25. Grain quiet; sales of new red wheat at $1,25, corn in bulk at 85c, oats at 70c, rye at $1,20. Leaf Tobacco quiet and steady, with sales of 73 hhds Pa. at $11,50. Provisions are very firm and tending upwards. Mess Pork at $33. Bacon; shoulders at 15c, clear rib at 18½c, clear sides at 18¾c, hams at 21½@22c. Lard at 19½c. Highwines firm at $1.

MILWAUKEE, July 19.—Flour weak, with a downward tendency; in demand; Wheat quiet at $1,34 for No.1, and $1,29¾ for No. 2. Oats firmer at 68½@69c for No. 2. Corn nominal. Rye quiet and unchanged. Barley nominal. Grain freights steady at 5c to Buffalo, and 9c to Oswego. Receipts—1,000 bbls flour, 58,000 bush wheat. Shipments—3,000 bbls flour, 16,000 bush wheat.

PHILADELPHIA, July 19.—Flour dull, with sales superfine at $5@5,50. Wheat dull; new red at $1,45@1,55, and white at $1,65@1,85. Rye lower at $1,40. Corn unsettled and declined 5c; yellow at $1,20, and mixed western at $1,05@1,07. Oats unchanged. Petroleum dull; crude at 22c, and refined at 31@31¼c. Whisky at $1,05.

Live Stock Market.

NEW YORK, July 19.—A total of 6,876 beeves for the week proves more than are wanted, even at fully ½c decline on some of the 3,236 on sale to-day; 2,280 of them at Communipaw were sold at 1c decline from this day week. Fat cattle going at 14c on the scales. Market not uniform, sellers being disposed to cut loose on their droves in some shape. Besides the above fresh cattle there were 150 State animals on sale to-day. The trade was slow and about 500 hold over; few really fine cattle were in the yards, and 16c was paid for a very small number. The best prime steers were plenty at 15c; good at 14c and poor all the way from. 10c to 13c, the average being less than 14½c. A lot of 135 Texans sold at 3½c to 6c; poor sold at 10@11c; 40 others good, 6¼ cwt. at 12c; 200 good Illinois, 4½ cwt. at 14@15½c; 87 Missouri, 6½ cwt at $91. Sheep; 28,630 head for market to-day; 7,180 head mostly thin sheep; prime lots are wanted and are worth from 6 to 7c; poor go slowly at 4@5c. Fat lambs sell well at 11@11½c, thin at 8@10; sales of one car State lambs, of 58 pounds, at 10½c; one car, of 48 pounds, at 8c; one car, of 54 pounds, prime at 11½c; one car of Ohio sheep, of 73 pounds, at 4¾c; one car, 86 pounds, at 7c; one car State, 96 pounds, at 7c. Hogs firmer, with 20,140 for the week and 73 cars to-day; the ring is broken and buyers are forced to pay the asking rates of 8½@9¼c in Chicago; dressed have advanced to 12½c here, with no sales; the live market is very firm.

PHILADELPHIA, July 19.—Beeves very dull; sales 1,900 head at 9@9¾c for extra Penna. and western steers; 7@8½c for fair to good do; 6@6½c gross for common. Sheep in fair demand; sales 9,000 head at 4½@6½c gross. Hogs higher; sales 3,500 head at $13,50@14 per cwt net.

CHICAGO, July 19.—Cattle dull and weak at $4@5 for Texas; $4,30@4,75 for fair to good cows; $6,37½@7,50 for fair to choice shipping beeves. Hogs active and firmer, and 10@15c higher, with sales at $8,75@9,25 for good to choice; $9,35@9,50 for extra prime.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, July 19.—4 cars pig iron, Nimick & Co; 700 bbls flour, T C Jenkins; 1 car stone, 11 crates scrap iron, J McDermott; 1 car rye, 180 sks do W J Meek; 1 street sweeping machine, E A Chandler: 2 bbls crackers, G W McClure; 5 bbls alcohol, 1 do oil, B L Fahnestock & Co; 23 crates scrap iron, 1 hhd do, Tim Maloney; 50 kgs lard, Dalzell & Townsend; 95 bdls green hides, 91 do, G N Hoffstott; 4 bxs axes, Lippincott & Bakewell; 1 do do, G Graff & Co; 100 green salted hides, A Holstine: 52 bdls scrap iron, Jones & Laughlins; 25 tcs hams, J H Parker & Co; 100 bbls flour, Montgomery & Schlegel; 1 car corn, Robb & Herron; 1 bbl sugar, Little & Baird; 386 sks bran, J & W Fairly; 1 bx mdse, W H Morris; 45 empty bxs Campbell, Jones & Co; 4 bbls eggs, E Hazleton; 13 sks rags, Frazier, M & Co; 8 bales broom corn, Wm Mardorf; 1 car fire brick, Shoenberger & Blair; 1 do do, Brown & Co.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, July 19.—16 cars iron ore, Shoenberger, Blair & Co; 6 do limestone ore, Bradys Bend Iron Co; 4 do iron ore, Bryan & Caughey; 1 do lumber, Hamilton. A A & Co; 1 do stone, J L L Knox; 5 bbls cider, A Chyst; 10 cases tobacco, Reymer & Bros; 20 do do, S Ewart & Co; 10 do do, J H Lippincott; 285 sks oats, 14 do rye, Scott & Gisal; 2 bbls oat meal, Schwartz & Haslett; 20 bbls oil, Erie & Pitts RR; 12 bbls apples, W H Graff & Co; 4 do do, C B Leech; 11 do do, T C Jenkins; 30 do do, H Riddle; 43 do potatoes, S C H Smith; 30 do apples, J Allen; 21 do do, W C Armstrong; 12 do do, Van Gorder & S; 24 do do, 26 bbls potatoes, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 19 do do, 25 do apples, Steel & Bro; 37 do do, 25 do potatoes, H Rea Jr; 10 tcs hams, Jas Lippincott.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, July 19.—3 cars limestone, Shoenberger & Blair; 1 chest tools, P Pendergrast; 2 bols eggs, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 1 box scales, Fairbank, Morse & Co; 13 pkgs marketing, Monongahela House; 14 sks wheat, G M Close; 17 do rye, Keil & Ritchart; 1 bbl eggs, G H Freese; 1 do do, J Seibert; 1 do do, F Ersman; 1 do do, C Malone; 1 car pig iron, J Moorhead; 1 do do, McKnight & Co; 2 cars lime, D L Reynolds; 2 bxs mdse, D Gregg & Co; 4 kgs, 2 bbls scraps, Coleman, Rahm & Co;

ALLEGHENY STATION, July 19.—12 cars iron ore, Lewis, Bailey & Dalzell; 47 bbls apples, F. Owens; 5 cars cooperage, Ralya & Robertson; 180 sks corn, 25 bbls flour, M Steel & Son; 10 sks corn, 3 do feed, Hippley & Beckart; 4 sks wool, W M Logan; 1 car metal, Rogers & Burchfield; 5 bbls liquor, F Anderson; 1 car lime, J Abdell; 22 sks rags, J B Jones; 2 cars cooperage, J M Hemphill; 1 car stone, Z Gillespie.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, July 19.—4 cars staves, Wm Hastings; 400 sks flour, Shoemaker & L; 1 car oats, Ammon & Blackborn; 25 ale casks, Spencer & McKay; 65 sks oats, W H Hagan; 27 do do, Smith & Co; 2 bbls eggs, Head & Metzgar; 1 car shorts, do 400 sks flour, Shoemaker & L; 1 car scrap iron, Brown & Co; 12 hhds tobacco, Weyman & Bro; 10 bbls oil, R D Clark.

RIVER PACKETS.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

FOR ST. LOUIS DUBUKE AND ST. PAUL.—The fine passenger steamer LORENA .....Capt. S. SHUMAN, Will leave for the above and intermediate ports TUESDAY, the 20th inst., at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply on board or to J. D. COLLINGWOOD, JOHN FLACK, Agents. jy19

PARKERSBURG.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING AND PARKERSBURG LINE.—Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood Street, daily at 12 M., WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, GREY EAGLE.....C. L. BRENNAN, Master. Freight will be received at all hours by JAMES COLLINS, FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents. ap13

PEANUTS.—300 sacks in store, for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

FEATHERS.—20 sacks in store, for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

RIVER NEWS.

As expected, both rivers are again rising, and last evening there was an excellent stage of water for running coal. This has been a most remarkable summer for rain and big rievers—we have not had anything like it for several years. Here we are with the month of August rapidly approaching yet not a single boat has been compelled to lie up in consequence of low water, and even boats heavily loaded have experienced but little trouble therefrom. We are in hopes, however, that the rain is over for the present, at least, as the weather has become much cooler; the mercury, in the shade, stood at about 82@83 nearly all day.

There has been no arrivals since the date of our last report with the exception of the regular packets, The Glasgow, from St. Paul, and R. C. Gray, from St. Louis, are among the boats due.

The New State for Wheeling and the Petrolia for Parkersburg departed, as usual.

The Lorena, Capt. Sam Shuman, is filling up steadily, and will be the first boat out for St. Louis, and passengets and shippers should bear this in mind.

The towboat Ormsby will probably get off to-day for Louisville with a tow of coal, and the Hercules, it is expected, will be ready to follow on Wednesday.

The Messenger arrived at St. Louis from St. Paul on Friday, and was advertised to leave there for Pittsburgh on Saturday.

The Collossal has been laid up at St. Louis, and Capt. Cox was to have left there for Pittsburgh on Saturday.

A petition was in circulation at St. Louis, last week, to have Mr. Benj. Crawford, re-instatod as Superinvising Inspector of the Western District.

The Argosy and Glendale arrived at Cincinnati on Saturday, and the R. C. Gray left there the same day for Pittsburgh, with about 350 tons.

The Lotus No. 3, Pittsburgh to New Orleans, passed by Cincinnati on Saturday.

The steamer Bertha and Deer Lodge are both laid up at Sioux City.

—Mr. Hartupee, engineer of the Great Republic, brother of the well-known inventor, feels confident that the Hartupee engine is a success, and in less than ten years it will be generally used. One thing is sure, at least, and that is these engines drive the Republic up the river with miraculous speed, and that, too, with some nine hundred dollars worth of fuel less each trip than auy other boat of the same capacity. Take her all in all we consider the Republiic a perfect success, and were we disposed to make comparison the Republic would rank very high.

—The Louisville Pilots' Association have deciced to make some improvements, which will greatly decrease the dangers of navigation between that city and New Orleans. Among other things, they will cause to be erected two or three light-houses on the Grand Chain in the Ohio and above Cairo, one of the most dangerous and uncertain channels in either river. These lights are to be distributed at proper intervals, and kept burning all the time at night for the purpose of illuminating the river that boats may know how to steer. The pilots have also determined to have boxes posted at Cairo, Memphis and Vicksburg, to which all the pilots of the association will have keys, and they are to be receptacles of communications between them concerning the stage of the river, changes of the channels, &c.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

WILLIAM MILLER & CO.,

Nos. 221 and 223 Liberty Street.

Corner of Irwin, now offer to the trade at low figures, strictly

Prime New Crop New Orleans Sugar and Molasses.

Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Sugars.
New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore Refined do.
Golden Drips, Loverings, Brunjis, Stuart's, Adams' and Long Island Syrups.
Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Molasses.
Young Hyson, Japan, Imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong Teas.
Carolina and Bangoln Rice.
Java, Laguayra and Rio Coffees.
Tobacco, Lard Oil, Fish, Nails, Glass, Soaps, Cotton Yarns, &c., constantly on hand.

ALSO,

IMPORTERS OF

Fine Brandies, Wines and Segars.

Rhenish, Moselle, and Sparkling Hock Wines of Hinkel & Co., in bottles.
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From May 9th, 1869, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city time, as follows:

Leave.		Arrive.	
Chicago Ex..	2:08 a m	Chicago Ex..	1:58 a m
Erie & Y'k'n Ex.	7:28 a m	Chicago Ex..	12:03 p m
Cl. & Wh'g M'l	6:12 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:48 a m
Chicago Mail..	6:58 a m	St. Louis Ex	7:08 p m
Chicago Ex....	9:43 a m	Chi'go Ex&Mail	4:08 p m
Cl. & Wh'g Ex	2:08 p m	Cleveland Ex	3:53 p m
Chicago Ex..	2:23 p m	Erie & Y'k'n Ex	5:58 p m
W'le & Erie Ex	4:38 p m	Cl. & Wh'g Ex	6:53 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		*Arrive in Allegheny.*	
Bea'r Falls Ac.	8:58 a m	Leetsdale Ac..	6:58 a m
Leetsdale "	10:03 a m	Bea'r Falls "	8:38 a m
" "	11:58 a m	New Castle "	10:23 a m
Rochester "	1:28 p m	Enon "	9:13 a m
Enon "	3:58 p m	Leetsdale "	1:08 p m
Leetsdale Acc.	5:13 p m	Bea'r Falls "	2:43 p m
Bea'r Falls "	6:13 p m	Leetsdale "	4:33 p m
Leetsdale "	10:43 p m	" "	7:33 p m
Fair Oaks Sunday Church.	1:13 p m	Fair O

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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TUESDAY, JULY 20, 1869.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE TICKET.

GOVERNOR,

JOHN W. GEARY.

SUPREME JUDGE,

HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

COUNTY TICKET.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK,
ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS,
FRED'K. H. COLLIER.
STATE SENATE,
THOMAS HOWARD.
ASSEMBLY,
MILES S. HUMPHREYS,
ALEXANDER MILLAR,
JOSEPH WALTON,
JAMES TAYLOR,
D. N. WHITE,
JOHN H. KERR.
SHERIFF
HUGH S. FLEMING
TREASURER,
JOS. F. DENNISTON.
CLERK OF COURTS,
JOSEPH BROWNE.
RECORDER,
THOMAS H. HUNTER.
COMMISSIONER,
CHAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK.
REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY.
CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT,
ALEXANDER HILANDS.
DIRECTOR OF POOR,
ABDIEL McCLURE.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Pennsylvania and Ohio State Items; Letter from Hitty Maginn; A Shocking Story; Eatable Mushrooms. Third page: Allegheny Cattle Market; Markets by Telegraph; Live Stock Market; River News. Sixth Page: Finance and Trade; Pittsburgh Markets; Petroleum Market. Seventh page: Farm, Garden and Household.*

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 49f.

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 87⅞.

GOLD closed in New York on yesterday at 135⅞.

THE RUMOR is received of the intention of Attorney General HOAR to retire from office sometime during the Autumn.

ASA PACKER made his money by buying coal lands cheap and waiting for advancement. He can lose it all by buying nominations dear and waiting for election.

HAVE PEOPLE FORGOTTEN how the Pittsburgh *Post*, two years ago, revealed its unhappiness because Judge WILLIAMS, our nominee for the Supreme Court, happened to have been born in Connecticut? What a howl was raised then against Yankee carpet-baggers! PACKER'S friends sing very small in that line now. Connecticut Yankees, indeed!

INVESTIGATION into the contested cases of Congressional elections from Louisiana retults in supporting to the fullest extent the public impression of last Autumn, that these elections were wholly invalid. A telegram says:

The testimony, when made public, will show a very startling condition of affairs in that State; how elections were carried by fraud, intimidations used to prevent voters from exercising their rights as citizens, and a disorganized condition of society generally. The Committee will not prepare their report until just before the assembling of Congress.

ALL THE old "rings" in the purlieus of the Federal Capital have been effectually flattened out, except the West Indian ring. This cabal still lives, and is frequently heard from. Alternately, it pushes Cuban recognition and Dominican annexation, thus far without much show of success, but with a pertinacity which may achieve something in the end. Now that Cuban affairs have an unpromising look, the St. Domingo string is to be pulled, and the largest inducements, on paper, are offered for American absorption. That will be an interesting exposé, which shall some day give to the public the minute inside history of the operations of this West Indian ring with Congress, the Administration and the public press. It will certainly reveal an unprofitable investment of a handsome sum of money.

PACKER'S recent purchase of the Pennsylvania Democracy furnishes a fine field for the arithmeticians of that party. It is understood, very generally by this time, that the sum paid to the delegates for his nomination, and to buy up those treacherous journalists who had been supporting CASS, added to what he stands pledged to give to purchase his election, will foot up a total of about a quarter of a million dollars—a mere bagatelle for a Democratic fifteen-millionaire. Supposing this sum to be rateably apportioned among the counties, what will be each county's share. How much for Allegheny? How much for Westmoreland? How much for Fayette? How much for each of the rest? We submit the problem to those expert Democratic statisticians who figured last year so accurately on each county's share of the national debt. The problem will not be so very difficult, if they will bear in mind that each Democratic vote is to be reckoned at about seventy-five cents.

THERE are a number of counties in Pennsylvania, where the entire body of the resident Democracy own a smaller aggregate of wealth, in personal and real property, than does the one gentleman whom their delegates sold a nomination to last week. ASA PACKER is individually richer than the entire Democracy of Lawrence or Butler. This is a very good time for the hard-working Democrats of those counties to meditate upon the burthen of last year's Democratic speeches, which rang the changes upon the alleged Republican policy of "grinding the faces of the poor to pamper the bloated capitalists." Let every Democrat, on going to the polls, remember that his party have already mortgaged his vote, to the richest man in Pennsylvania, and that the price has gone into the pockets of a few score of unscrupulous intriguers. When they vote for PACKER because he is an overgrown Crœsus, without any other special recommendations, it will be the first time that such an argument ever prevailed with the masses of the Democratic party.

IF THE Democracy had really intended to make a square fight upon questions of political principle, they would never have undertaken the canvass upon the budget of contradictory demagogueisms which is labelled as the Harrisburg platform. No! that is not the game! They intend to buy their way through this year, with the lavish expenditure of their nominees's surplus cash, and the character of their platform was really a secondary consideration. If "money makes the mare go," the Randall and McMullin crowd very naturally conclude that the mare may as well carry as heavy a load of Copperheadism and free-trade as she can stagger under. And so they have piled it on! The question is, if the honest and hard-working Democratic farmers and mechanics of the Commonwealth can be sold in this way and led like lambs to the slaughter, would six shillings apiece, under a fair division of the purchase money, reconcile them to this shameless corruption, any more than to this impudent revival of the dead issues of a disastrous past?

HOW MUCH!

Democratic journals dwell upon the fact that their fifteen millionaire candidate has given half a million of dollars to a University. Whereupon the Philadelphia *Bulletin* asks a few pertinent questions:

How much has Mr. Packer given to the Union soldiers of the war; how much to the Sanitary and Christian Commissions; how much to the soldiers' widows and orphans, and how much to all the various patriotic charities to which poorer men have given so liberally? How much did he take of the various war loans of the Government? Does he now hold the bonds?

A LARGE OPERATION.

The honest and intelligent masses of the Pennsylvania Democracy have become heartily tired of the old issues which have, year after year, ensured their defeat. They are amazed at the folly of their leaders who have again committed the party to the same old line of inevitable disaster. Every sensible Democrat understands that every time this wild talk about "an unconstitutional war," and "Radical usurpation," and the "abolition invasion of the rights of the South," is repeated, it is a sure card for a sound Democratic thrashing. They had a fair claim to expect a little common-sense from last week's Convention at Harrisburg—a cautious and moderate platform which should be up with the times, and which would give the party a reasonable chance for a successful fight. Instead of that, behold the same old singsong balderdash which has, through eight years of dishonorable defeat, dragged the Democratic party down to the very brink of ruin. The explanation is clear enough, and our Democratic friends can understand it if they will. The platform was of necessity adapted to the candidate, and that candidate was not to be got rid of. Worth fifteen millions ready cash, he was able to buy his nomination, and pay for it on the spot. Of course, he must stand on a platform to suit—and the Harrisburg platform suits him to a dot. This wealthy Democrat upheld negro suffrage before the war, had no sympathies for the flag of freedom during the contest, and not a generous impulse for the liberty of man beats in his cold heart to-day. He can afford to buy—as he would buy a railway or a coal mine, the highest civic honors of this noble Commonwealth, and he has opened the trade accordingly. The Democracy are sold. Are they ready to be delivered?

A REBEL DISAPPOINTMENT.

Gen. CANBY clings to the old-fashioned notion that existing laws are entitled to obedience. He does not propose, by virtue of his military position, to nullify or ignore the Federal system of reconstruction in any of its particulars. He will not persuade himself, in whatever interests pressing at the moment, to recognize any illegal elements in that new Legislature of Virginia which must, for the first time, assemble at his direction and under his official sanction. It is supposed that some of the members-elect are disqualified for that office, in the present state of the laws. He has taken measures to ascertain the facts on this point, and will, if he finds a quorum of the members so eligible, convoke the Legislature forthwith. The XVth Article will then be ratified and Senators elected, which will complete all the requisite action preliminary to the Congressional approval of the action of the people of Virginia. If no quorum is found eligible, he will order new elections in the proper districts forthwith.

The pertinacity with which Gen. CANBY thus adheres to the law, in its spirit and letter, does not suit the impertinent spirit of Virginian rebels. They are not satisfied with the idea that a quorum may possibly be found, which shall thus legally exclude a considerable number of their particular adherents. They have cherished a hope that Gen. CANBY, and his superiors at Washington, would finally be induced to give the stringent requirements of the law some how the go-by, so that the Legislature should, from its first hour, be wholly controlled in the most ultra policy of the Conservative party. The suggestion, that a quorum of the more moderate politicians, made up, perhaps, with a Radical predominance, after a considerable excision of rebel votes under the pressure of the iron-clad oath, should have control of the important matters of ratification and of the Senatorial election, strikes the lately jubilant Democracy dumb with consternation. A terrific pressure on Canby and on the Administration will be at once organized at Richmond and Washington, for the revocation of the last order, but it is earnestly to be hoped that no superior authority will consent to the undoing of such a clearly legal and essentially needful precaution. There is nothing in the situation to warrant the disregard of any feature of the settled policy of Congress by any Executive authority.

THE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

Whenever the Democrats of Pennsylvania are called upon to give formal and authentic utterance to their professed principles and purposes, it is safe to conclude in advance, that they will pander to all prejudices current in their own ranks, and thus present a mosaic of declarations, inconsistent with each other, and resolvable into no definite or conceivable system. The recent proclamation of opinion by their Harrisburg State Convention affords no exception to this rule, but is strikingly in conformity to it. Let us group, by way of illustration, some of the resolutions, taking the eighth, fifth and third of the series. We reverse their order to facilitate our dealing with them.

The eighth resolution asserts the "equal rights" of, and demands "protection" for, "naturalized and native-born citizens, at home and abroad." This is sound doctrine, according perfectly with all conceptions of genuine democracy, comporting in all particulars with the averments of the Federal Constitution as it stands, and indicating exactly what should be the practice of both the Government and the people under it. This equality of rights for all citizens is to be so asserted as to "command the respect of foreign powers" and "to furnish an example and encouragement to people struggling for national integrity, constitutional liberty, and *individual rights*." We see nothing which we care either to add to, or take from, that declaration.

The fifth resolution protests that "the efforts now being made for the amelioration of the condition of the laboring man, have our most hearty co-operation." Good, again; and all the better because the statement is as broad and general as it is possible to make it. The idea embodied in that resolution was the source of the inspiration under which we have acted during thirty-five years of unremitted warfare against slavery. There were four millions of human beings compelled to toil under the constant incitement of the lash, wielded by the hands of a dominant and unscrupulous caste. We thought the condition of these laborers, beyond that of all others, demanded amelioration. If the Democrats of Pennsylvania helped to that end, they artfully managed so to do it as not to have their good deeds known of men.

The third resolution opposes the attempt to give the negro the right to vote; and, hence, flatly contradicts the fifth and eighth resolutions. This third resolution, in substance, affirms that there is no such thing as "equality of rights," and that it is not simply impolitic, but infamous, to reduce all men to a common political level. No sturdy adherent of caste in India; no hereditary aristocrat in Great Britain, ever asserted with greater emphasis the thougnt that a fundamental distinction exists between men, in virtue whereof one has more and higher rights than another. The Democratic notion is that the blacks have, by nature and the Constitution, no political rights, and that to confer such rights upon them is to subtract, to just that extent, from the rights of white people.

Nor is this all. See what an unadulterated monarchial hauteur there is in the notion that when any class of men are deprived of their rights, it is not fair for them to make reclamation thereof, or for any other class in their behalf, until those who have captured the rights, and purposely withhold them, see proper to restore them. That is decidedly refrigerating! A man has no business to reclaim his stolen pocket-book, until the thief sees fit to give it up.

These blacks, gentlemen Democrats—if such a concatenation of words is permissible—are part and parcel of that "laboring man" in whose behalf you have volunteered "hearty co-operation;" that is, if by "laboring man" is simply meant a "man who labors." There may be an occult Democratic meaning hid away under the words, undiscoverable to any eyes but those of the initiated; but as we are in the outer darkness of Republicanism, we do not perceive it.

Every white "laboring man" understands full well that the ballot in his hand is his best protection. Give him that, and he can manage to get on excellently without any of those high-sounding phrases which deceive all who put trust in them. The reason is plain. The mass of all citizens are laboring men, and have a community of interests with each other. So long as they are voters the destinies of the country are in their hands, and they do not require either guardians or patrons to see that they are not encroached upon.

If the white "laboring man" needs the ballot for his protection, the black one needs it much more. He has not only poverty to contend against, but he has likewise the most unreasonable and relentless prejudice that has yet been engendered in the breasts of ignorant and besotted individuals, factions or parties. The black is even denied the right to work, except in the most menial conditions. He needs the ballot to gain for him that right, as well as for his political protection.

The Democrats deny "equality of rights" to the lowest rank of society. This shows that proscription is not foreign to their nature, but congenial thereto. If passion and bigotry favored, they would strike at the next rank above, and so on, until all pretense of Democracy should become so palpable and confessed an absurdity, as to be abandoned evermore.

We care nothing for the "glittering generalities" under which this Democratic State Convention sought to hide its meaning. It is opposed to "Universal Liberty and Equality." It means exclusiveness, proscription, caste. As against such opponents the Republicans have nothing to conceal and nothing to fear. The grand stream of human progress may, indeed, be thrown into an eddy, but it will not go backward. All over the civilized world, and under every form of political organization, the demand is for Equality and Universal Suffrage. America has led the march of progress thus far, and will continue to lead it.

THE PACKER NEGOTIATION.

It is stated that Asa Packer, the Democratic candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania, was nominated solely because he is estimated to be worth $20,000,000. Packer has nothing to recommend him but his bank account. He is old, infirm, and past his usefulness. Governor Geary, the Republican candidate, has served the country as a statesman and a soldier. He is energetic and progressive. The issue in the canvass in Pennsylvania will be dollars, age, and imbecility against brains, patriotism, and activity.

The Reading *Times* says: Judge Packer was a supporter and defender of slavery *before* the war—a peace Democrat and persistent Copperhead *during* the war—and a Repudiator and Rebel sympathizer since the war, and up to the present moment. He is the best *representative* man the Copperhead party could have chosen to head their ticket. If any Union men vote for him on the supposition that he will be "all right" if elected, they will find themselves very much mistaken in case of his success.

The New York *Herald* thus curtly disposes of Wednesday's work at Harrisburg:

"The Democrats in Pennsylvania have nominated Asa Packer as their candidate for Governor. Asa Packer would make a good Governor, but the Convention that nominated him have hung a bob to that kite which will swamp him. They have pronounced against negro suffrage, a principle the Conservatives of Virginia accepted as a positive fact, and by the help of that vote not only elected their candidate for Governor, but gave a death-sting to the carpet-baggers and scalawags. The Pennsylvania Democracy, in smouldering Hiester Clymer, their old candidate, have only presented a new victim to be placed upon the political scaffold for the Geary daws to peck at."

The Harrisburg *Telegraph* gives the following inside view of the manner in which Judge Packer obtained his nomination:

"The fact that Packer had placed *one hundred thousand dollars* at the command of his friends for the purpose of procuring the nomination, was openly proclaimed by the friends of Generals Cass, Hancock and McCandless, and not denied by those who had the financial affairs in charge. The uninstructed were boldly approached, and it is positively charged that some delegates of influence received as high as five thousand dollars for their vote and influence. Sixty-seven votes were needed to make the nomination, and these financiers understood their business so well that they procured just that number without fail on second ballot. They were determined that no more should be spent than was actually necessary, as they did their work by the job."

The Reading *Dispatch* thus forcibly sums up Judge Packer's claims upon the people of Pennsylvania:

Judge Packer's name is familiar all over Pennsylvania, more on account of his prominence as a Democratic politician, a railroad king and a monied aristocrat, than on account of any peculiar worth as a citizen of this great and growing Commonwealth. It is true his railroad enterprizes have been great; but in all of them he has steadily worked for Packer, and Packer only. He has amassed untold millions as the head-centre of monopolies, and those millions have been forced out of the hands and pockets of the "ploughholders" and the honest sons of toil; he has spent the greater part of half a million in buying the position he now holds as the standard bearer of the Democratic party, and he will spend another million—his present year's income—to buy the Gubernatorial chair of this State, that he may have unlimited swing at the advantages that office would afford him in strengthening his monopolies and filling his coffers with millions more of money, wrung from the hard fists of the toiling masses of Pennsylvania. In his nomination we recognize the influence of *money* and not principle, and we believe this to be the conviction of every honest man in Pennsylvania.

Cass Outgenerated.—The Cass men were certain on the night preceding the meeting of the Convention that their candidate would be nominated. They claimed that he would certainly receive eighty votes on the first ballot. Even on Wednesday morning they were sanguine; and it was not until within a few moments of the time that balloting commenced that the wisest among them began to open their eyes to the fact that they were sold. They had counted on Tuesday night, all their pledged delegates, eighty, we have been reliably informed, and considered them all secure. They had moved in secret and thought they had covered well their tracks; but the Packer Indians were after them, and having captured one prisoner who, for a bribe, revealed the names of "all his tribe," a secret treaty was opened, and just the requisite number bought to nominate Packer. How much it cost we do not know. One hundred thousand dollars, it is said, were on hand to be used in case of necessity; but it is not probable that so much as that was needed, as Democratic delegates are usually a cheap commodity. In this case, however, it was necessary to buy some who had already been purchased by another candidate, and for this reason a larger sum was necessary than would otherwise have been required. This is certain—no matter what the amount, had ten times as much been wanted, it would have been forthcoming. Cass was to be defeated and Packer nominated, regardless of cash or consequences. *And the result was obtained.—Harrisburg Telegraph.*

The Honesty of Parties.

Retrenchment, reform and the putting down of political corruption, have always been the favorite rallying cries of demagogues and knaves. The political trickster and prostitute, who does not possess the semblance of honesty and virtue himself is the readiest and quickest to attempt to blacken the reputation of others. Charges of corruption and profligacy are easily made, and difficult of refutation, because always vague and indefinite. The "secret whisper, dark surmise" is sufficient, now-a-days to destroy the good name of almost any public man, because a wide-spread idea is prevalent that public morality is at a low standard. What we would impress is, not to "bear false witness against your neighbor," and not to be too ready to believe what others may allege. Too often interested men, will denounce a man, because he *will not* become a party to their selfish schemes, and seek to destroy him because he is honest and upright.

We would not insist upon the support of a notoriously corrupt and bad man, because he has secured a nomination, yet we would have Republicans pause and very seriously consider the consequences before they aided in the election of a Democrat. If the Republican organization is of any value to the country, it should be inflexibly maintained—and it cannot succeed nor be useful, if it is to be weakened on account of the personal prejudices of each individual member. Those prejudices must give way before the great and important ends we would accomplish, and if sometimes we doubt the propriety or justice of the proceedings of the party or the immaculate purity of its agents—we should put all in the scale against Democracy, and see if the latter does not kick the beam.

We do not believe that any good ever came in any instance by deserting the the Republican organization and aiding the election of a Democrat. We should like to have the *Post* or the *Tribune*, or "any other man," point out a single instance where the public morals were concerned, the Public Treasury guarded, or the Republican party purified, by the election of a Democrat instead of a Republican? Infatuated Republicans, honestly intent upon rebuking corruption or preserving the integrity of the party have often lent their aid to defeat some objectionable Republican. The result has always been a lamentable failure. Where a Republican becomes corrupt, a Democrat is doubly so. All experience has shown this. The infusion of Democracy into a putrid political mass always deepens and doubles its putresence. The facility with which Democrats form rings, and adapt themselves to all the changes and combinations of political dishonesty is a matter of record before the county. If a Republican Legislature gets a bad name, and is repudiated for a Democratic majority, in the hope of bettering their morals, what has been the universal result? Let the history of the late New York Legislature answer. If a Democrat is made a member of a Board or Commission to act as check upon the Republican majority, what has been the effect? Why simply, that the Democrat has shown a willingness and facility for roguery, far in the advance of his Republican associates. The debauchery which opportunity developes in a Republican, is instinct in a Democrat. To attempt to reform dishonesty by electing Democrats to office, is simply absurd and impossible.

WEST VIRGINIA.

THE work on the Little Kanawha is going on rapidly, and those who have oil wells at Burning Springs had better be starting them up. They will soon be able to get their oil out.

THE Morgantown *Constitution* says the "oldest inhabitant" never before saw such an enormous yield of cherries as we have the present season. Every tree is full, and house-wives are busy preserving and drying them.

MR. E. ATKINSON, living near West Liberty, had some twenty fleeces of wool stolen on the night of the 30th ult. The sack containing the wool was cut open and the quantity abstracted carried off in a portion of the sack—about 100 pounds. Wood buyers are requested to keep a look out for dealers in about that quantity of the staple.

"LET US ALONE."—The Richmond *Whig* of Tuesday, referring to the claim of the New York *World* and other over zealous Democratic papers that the result was a Democratic success, thus rebukes the unasked and unwelcome interference:

"We beg the New York *World* and all the over zealous Democratic journals, to let us alone. What we have done has been done without their aid and in spite of their opposition. We are more indebted to President Grant than to all the Northern Democrats put together for our deliverance. *Let us alone!*"

Geary at Lookout Mountain.

A Philadelphia letter says: The Governor's ripe experience as an Executive, his world-wide military celebrity, his invaluable services rendered to every portion of the Commonwealth during his term of office, together with his advocacy and practice of strict temperance principles, have given him a hold upon the Republican party of the State which cannot be easily shaken. His re-election is considered a foregone conclusion here, no matter who the opposition may select as his opponent. I heard an anecdote here to-day in relation to the taking of Lookout Mountain, which might be inserted in this connection, and will doubtless be interesting to your readers. Gov. Geary has frequently been asked to relate the circumstances connected with the initiation of the capture of this famous Mountain in 1863, but his known modesty has made him reticent concerning his military record, and it was only recently that the following important chapter has been added to the history of that eventful battle. I give it substantially as related by the Governor himself to a personal friend. It appears that Gens. Geary and Hooker were riding together one day just before the capture of the Mountain, in full view of it, bristling as it was with rebel infantry and artillery. when Gen. G. remarked, 'Hooker,' (their relations were of that intimate character that titles between them were always dispensed with,) 'Hooker, I have a plan by which I can take Lookout Mountain.' 'What is it, Geary?' asked Gen. H. 'No man, Hooker,' replied Gen. G,, 'can know my plan of attack until I get an order to take the Mountain. Give me the order and then I will let you know my plan, but not till then.' Gen. Hooker, as his custom was when in deep thought, held his head in an inclined position, as if closely examining the quality of the hair in his charger's mane, and so the two rode side by side for more than a mile, when Gen. H. suddenly looked up and said. 'By G—d, Geary, I believe you *are* the man to take Lookout Mountain—I give you the order. You will move your division upon it tomorrow morning at daybreak. Now tell me your plan of attack.' Gen. G., then detailed the *modus operandi* to his superior officer, when Hooker delighted exclaimed, 'You have hit the nail on the head, Geary—The Mountain is ours!' The next morning, Gen. Geary fought the battle of Lookout Mountain above the clouds, and all know the grand result. It will take more than ordinary Democratic thunder to beat such a man.

THE Peoria *Democrat* is informed by Major Elliott, who is largely engaged in the grape culture in Illinois, that the fruit this year is a total failure. The crop was so heavily mildewed that scarcely a grape remains upon the vines. Judge Bryant, another large crape culturist, says he may possibly save enough for his family to eat, but even that is doubtful.

TRUSSES AND HERNIA.

The sad and deplorable condition of many who are afflicted with hernia or rupture of the bowels, calls loudly for some efficient and unmistakable remedy that will not only in every case give efficient relief, but in many cases effect a radical and thorough cure. These cases of hernia have become so frequent that it is computed that one-sixth of the male population are said to be troubled, in some way or another, with this terrible ailment; and in very many cases do not know where to apply for an appropriate remedy, oftentimes not knowing whether an appliance is really needed or not; and if it should be needed, they often do not know where or to whom they should make application. The world is full of trusses for the retention and cure of this lamentable evil, oftentimes an inconsestible proof of their total and inadequate fitness to relieve the sufferer. This need not be; DR. KEYSER, at his new medicine store, No. **167** Liberty street, is abundantly supplied with every appliance needful to the retention end relief of this terrible affliction, so that every one can be properly fitted, at a moderate cost, with the full assurance that the appliance is the best that the mechanical department of surgery can afford. The Doctor has pursued the investigation of hernia with more than ordinary care for over thirty years, so that the afflicted can place implicit reliance in his skill and integrity, with the full assurance that they will not only get the best truss suitable to the case, but likewise a thorough and efficient knowledge of its proper application.

There are many persons who not only sacrifice their health, but even their lives, for want of a proper truss, or a truss properly applied. Strangulated and irreduceable rupture is a far more common ailment now than in former years; and may we not justly arrive at the conclusion that its frequency is often occasioned by the neglect and carelessness of the sufferers themselves. No one would be regarded as sane or excusable who would go for a whole winter without the proper clothing to shield them from the inclement weather, but, at the same time, it is thought a light affair to suffer with a protrusion such as rupture that not only subjects the person to inconvenience, but even places life itself in jeopardy. Those of our readers who may be so unfortunate as to need appliances of this kind cannot act more wisely than to cut this advertisement and preserve it, so as to enable them to remember the place where such important preservers of life and health are to be procured.

DR. KEYSER'S GREAT MEDICINE STORE, No. **167** Liberty street, two doors from Sixth. CONSULTATION ROOMS, **120** Penn street, from **1** until **4** P. M.

SUMMER PERILS—HOW TO ESCAPE.

It will not do to trifle with the health in hot weather. Vigor oozes through the skin at every pore, and it is by physical vigor only that unhealthy influences can be baffled and repelled. The vital elements are evaporated in perspiration. Intense heat converts a man into a self-acting pump, and the moisture that is pumped out of him is derived from the well-springs of life within him. There is great need therefore, that these sources of physical strength should be in a condition to bear, without danger or inconvenience, the extraordinary drain. If they are not in such a condition, the individual becomes languid and low-spirited.

The main thing is to keep the digestive apparatus in good working trim; for if the stomach, the purveyor of the system, does its duty thoroughly, the liver, the bowels, the brain, and the nervous system, being duly matured, will be likely to do theirs. In view of these facts, it is manifest that a powerful and wholesome vegetable tonic like HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS is especially required at this enfeebling season. It is the most admirable of all correctives and invigorants, and for this reason: it does not over stimulate the system. The proportions of appetizant, tonic and stimulating components are so judiciously graduated, that the process of invigoration and purification go on simultaneously, and no undue excitement is created in the circulation or the brain. All unmedicated stimulants, however pure, excite the pulse and the nervous system. Their exhilarating effect is temporary, and when it passes off the physical and mental depression they were employed to remove returns in an aggravated form. But this is not the case when HOSTETTER'S BITTERS are taken as a stomachic and nervine. The medical herbs, roots and gums with which they are impregnated, neutralize the exciting principle of the rye spirit which forms their basis, and which is in itself the most wholesome of all the varieties of alcohol.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OFFICE PITTS. & CONNELLSVILLE R. R CO., PITTSBURGH, July 14th, 1869.

NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.—Notice is hereby given that Coupon No. 20, Turtle Creek Division Bonds, due August 1st next, will be paid on and after that date on presentation and delivery at the First National Bank of Pittsburgh.

JOHN H. PAGE JR.,
Secretary and Treasurer.
jy14 THST

THIRD NATIONAL BANK.—Will be added to the list of stocks to be sold THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, July 20th, at 8 o'clock, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street.

10 shares Third National Bank.

A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.
jy20

CHEGARAY INSTITUTE, 1527 and 1529 SPRUCE STREET, Philadelphia, Pa. ENGLISH AND FRENCH. For Young Ladies and Misses, Boarding and Day Pupils, will reopen on MONDAY, September 20. FRENCH is the language of the family, and is constantly spoken in the Institute.

MADAME D'HERVILLY,
Principal.
jy20:TTHS

NOTICE.—Whereas, letters of administration *cum testamento annexo* on the estate of JAMES BARR, Sr., late of the Borough of Birmingham, Allegheny county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate of said decedent will make known the same without delay to

W. C. AUGHINBAUGH, Administrator.
jy20:m37-T 87 Diamond street, Pittsburgh.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, of Allegheny County, No. 427 of September Term, 1869. In the matter of the Incorporation of "THE ARTISANS BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION OF ALLEGHENY CITY, PA."

Notice is hereby given that on the 17th day of July, 1869, application was made to said Court to grant a Charter of Incorporation to said Association; and that if no sufficient reason be shown to the contrary, the same will be granted at the next term of said Court.

D. W. & A. S. BELL,
Attorneys for Petitioners.
JULY 19, 1869, jy20:m35

A RESOLUTION
Relating to Water Assessments.

Resolved, That the Water Assessor be and he is hereby authorized to assess all owners of manufactories and private dwellings, (who are not and cannot be assessed according to the established schedule) five mills on their valuation for water purposes: Provided no tax be levied on such property holders fronting or abounding on streets or alleys where water pipes have not been extended.

This is to certify that the foregoing passed both branches of the Councils of Allegheny, July 8, 1869.

Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council.
jy20

FOR SALE.
A full assortment of
BLANK BOOKS,
Suitable for Counting Houses, Iron Houses, in all their various business departments. Can be had at the Stationery and Printing establishment of
W. S. HAVEN & CO.,
Cor. Wood St. and Third Avenue.
jy20 m24

E. M. M'COWAN.....J. R. M'KOWN.
R. M. McCOWAN & CO.,
Boulevard Pavers,
Office, No. 65 OHIO ST., ALLEGHENY.

Orders left at GAZETTE OFFICE, Pittsburgh, promptly attended to.

Pave Sidewalks, Cellars, Inside Yards, Drives, &c.

Warranted against changes of heat and cold.

REFERENCES—Mac Morehead, Lyon & Shorb, Rony Patterson, Wm. Park, James N. Long & Son, Hartley & McKee, Anderson's & Maxwell, Aiken & Campbell, Isaac Craig. jy16:m23

NEW BOOKS.

Patty Gray's Journey from Boston to Baltimore	$1.25
The Hand of Jesus	1.25
Behind the Curtain	1.25
Credo	1.50
An American Woman in Europe	1.50
Pearl Series for Girls, 6 volumes in a box.	3.00
" " Boys, " " " "	3.00
The Woodburn Series, 3 volumes in a box	3.75
Corwin's Nest Series, 3 volumes in a box,	2.25
Sabbath Songs for Children's Worship, Paper, 40 cents; Board, 50 cents each.	

AT THE
METHODIST BOOK DEPOSITORY,
129 Smithfield Street.
JOSEPH HORNER, Agent.
jy10:STTH

LATEST OIL STRIKE.

JUSTICE!
LIBERTY!
ECONOMY!
AND
FREE TRADE!

To secure even handed JUSTICE, just come and see what splendid bargains are offered in the gorgeous stock of Spring and Summer Clothes just prepared and exhibited to the public by

S. C. TRAUERMAN.

The fullest LIBERTY to be enjoyed when the man who enjoys it is neatly dressed in a suit of new Summer Clothes which fit him so comfortably as not to abridge the freedom of his motions. Such clothes are to be had at S. C. TRAUERMAN'S.

To practice ECONOMY, don't spend vast sums of money where exorbitant people charge fancy prices for unsatisfactory clothing, but come and get the worth of every dollar you spend, at

S. C. TRAUERMAN'S.

FREE TRADE of the freest sort, practiced every day, and all day, at the Big No 11 Clothing Hall. There the people bring their cash, and there they get their clothes. Every man free to buy at all times. Trade tremendous just now at the Big No. 11 Clothing Hall.

LOOK AT THE PRICES.

Cocoa nut suits for $7 worth $15.
Spanish suits for $9 worth $20.
Skating park suits for $12 worth $25.
500 suits, linen, at $2 50 each worth $5.
Black suits for $10 worth $20.
Boys' suits for $5 worth $10.

And a great many more too numerous to mention. Call early and secure your bargains, as we have but a few days to sell. Remember Big No. 11 Sixth street.

S. C. TRAUERMAN.
jy10:TU-8

S. A. CLARKE & CO.,
BOOKSELLERS,
No. 119 WOOD STREET.
Weekly Register of New Books.

Commentary on the Confession of Faith, by A. A. Hodge, D.D., of Western Theo. Seminary $1.75

OHIO VALLEY HISTORICAL SERIES.

The volumes now ready, are:

Boquet's Expedition against the Indians in 1764	$3.00
Walker's History of Athens Co., Ohio	6.00
Clark's Campaign in the Illinois, 1778 9.	2.00
Divorce and Divorce Legislation, by President Woolsey, of Yale College	1.75
Credo, a book for thinking readers	1 50
Haven's Studies in Philosophy	2 00
Lecky's History of European Morals	6.00
Arcadie, life in the Forest, by Capt. Harov, Royal Artillery. Illustrated	3 00
Night Scenes in the Bible. Illustrated	3.75
Doctor Chase's Receipts	1 25

NEW JUVENILES.

Patty Gray's Journey from Boston to Baltimore. By Mrs. Dall	$1.25
Mopsa, the Fairy, by Jean Ingelow	1.25
Uncle John's Flower Gatherers	1.50
Grandfather's Nell	1.25
Aunt Mattie, $500 Prize Story	1.50
Bertie's Birthday Present	1.15
Little Rookwood	90
Emily's Bracelet	75

jy17

SUNDRIES.
46 bundles Basket Willows;
1 bale Cotton;
3 bags Feathers;
10 bales Corn Shucks;
To arrive and for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

PEA NUTS.—300 sacks in store for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

TALLOW.—2 hhds Kettle Rendered in store and for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

HAY.—80 bales in store, for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOUSE AND LOT,
Cor. Bank Lane and Balkam Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY,

Will be sold at Orphans' Court Sale, at the
COURT HOUSE, Pittsburgh,
On Wednesday, July 21st, 1869,
AT 10 A. M.

JOHN J. MILLER,
Adm'r of S. J. Shannon.
A. M. BROWN, Attorney. jy20:m38

DISSOLUTION.—The firm of SMITH & CO., Brewers, was dissolved by mutual consent July 17th, 1869, THOMAS BROWN retiring. The business of the late firm will be settled up by the undersigned, who will still continue at the old stand, under the same name. Mr. BROWN'S receipt is good in settlement of accounts due by the late firm.

THOMAS BROTH,
P. A. YOUNG.

In retiring from the above firm, I would cordially recommend my successors to my friends and the public generally. They will continue the business at the old stand, and will, as heretofore, furnish the best quality of Ale.

jy20:m38 THOMAS BROWN.

GREAT REDUCTIONS
IN
Straw and Millinery
GOODS.

HAIR, GIMP AND BRAID HATS AND BONNETS,
FRENCH FLOWERS,
CRAPES, ILLUSIONS,
LACES, FRAMES, &c., &c.

At Very Low Prices.

SUMMER UNDERWEAR,
STAR SHIRTS,
SUSPENDERS,
NECK WEAR.
HOSIERY,
LADIES FINE COTTON,
BALBRIGGAN, LISLE,
and SILK HOSE.
GENTS SUPERFINE AND FANCY HALF HOSE,
FINE SILK FANS,
PALM AND LINEN FANS,
TRAVELING SATCHELS,
HOOP SKIRTS, CORSETS,
BOULEVARDE AND WHITE SKIRTS,
WHITE GOODS,
ZEPHYR KNIT SHAWLS,
PIQUE HATS, something new,
EMBROIDERIES,
LACES, LACE GOODS,
LINEN COLLARS AND CUFFS.

New Goods Arriving Daily.

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,
77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.
jy20

SUMMER GOODS
AT
REDUCED RATES.

Would call attention to the large reduction we have made in

Silk Parasols and Sun Umbrellas,

SELLING AT HALF PRICE.

COTTON HOSIERY,
LISLE GLOVES,
SUMMER UNDERWEAR,

All at Very Low Prices.

COLORED SILK FANS,
SILK BOWS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
CORSETS,
WHITE MARSEILLES,
IRISH LINENS,
WHITE GOODS,
(of all kinds.)
FRINGES,
BUTTONS,
EMBROIDERIES.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.
78 & 80 Market Street.
jy10

NEW SUMMER GOODS
AT
MACRUM & CARLISLE'S
No. 27 Fifth Avenue,

Dress Trimmings and Buttons.
Embroideries and Laces.
Ribbons and Flowers.
Hats and Bonnets.
Glove fitting and French Corsets.
New Styles Bradley's Skirts.
Parasols—all the new styles.
Sun and Rain Umbrellas.
Hosiery—the best English makes.
Agents for "Harris' Seamless Kids."
Spring and Summer underwear,
Sole Agents for the Bemis Patent Shape Collars, "Lockwood's "Irving," "West End," "Elite," &c; "Dickens," "Derby," and other styles.
Dealers supplied with the above at
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,
NO. 27
FIFTH AVENUE.
my4

DREKA
Importer and retail dealer in
FINE STATIONERY,
WEDDING, VISITING, PARTY AND BUSINESS
CARD ENGRAVING,
MONOGRAMS, ARMS, ILLUMINATING, &c.

Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Send for samples.

1,033 Chestnut St., Phila,
my6:177-THS&T

FRESH SHAD RECEIVED daily at BENJAMIN PULPRESS popular Fish Stand, No. 45 Diamond Market, Pittsburgh, and at the Twin City, Allegheny City, corner of Ohio and Federal streets. Can be had all kinds of Sea and Lake fish, Halibut, Shad, Soak, Codfish, Haddock and Eel. Also, large supplies of White, Lake Fish, Salamon, Bass, Stergeon, Herring and Macinaw Trout, which enables us to sell at the lowest market prices, wholesale or retail. We invite all lovers of Fresh Fish to give us a call, and we will insure them a treat.
mh25

HYDRAULIC CEMENT.—100 bbls Louisville Hydraulic Cement, for sale by
J. B CANFIELD.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS
OPENED
This Morning.

NEW STYLES DRAB SHAWLS
IN
Beautiful Colors.

FINE BLACK GRO GRAIN ALPACAS,
An Entirely New Article.

NEW ASSORTMENT OF
Hamburg Edgings and Insertions
AT VERY LOW PRICES.

New Corset,
AT 60 CENTS,
Good Material and Shape.

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF NEW GOODS,
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

KISHOCOQUILLAS SEMINARY,
FOR BOTH SEXES.

This institution is situated in the beautiful valley of Kishocoquillas, in the midst of an intelligent and highly moral people surrounded by mountain chains, and supplied with an abundance of pure water and of the finest mountain air the location is unrivaled for health and for the elevating and refining influences of natural scenery. Corps of instructors in every department experienced and competent. Rev. S. H. McDonald, formerly tutor in Princeton College, N. J., of large and successful experience in teaching, has charge of Ancient Languages and higher Mathematics. A lady from Massachusetts, of superior qualifications will teach English Literature, Painting, Drawing, French and German. Prof. J. W. Shoemaker, of Philadelphia, is engaged to give lessons in Elocution during the Fall term. Miss E. R. Bigham from Washington county, Pa., has charge of instrumental music. Scholastic year opens 4th of August. Expense—Tuition and board per year, $200.00.

For Catalogue, address
MARTIN MOHLER, A. M., Principal,
KISHOCOQUILLAS, MIFFLIN CO., Pa.

Refer to Rev. O. O. McClean, Lewistown, Pa., and Hon. S. S. Woods, Lewistown, Pa.
je15:s40 T&T

SECURITY AND COMFORT for the traveling community.
J. B. HARRIS
Safety Fire Jacket, Car Heater and
MODERATOR.

For Smoke and Hot Air Flues, dispensing with the use of stoves and fires in or about the Passenger or Baggage Cars, with the attachment to graduate the heat to any temperature that may be desired without the possibility of firing the car or cars to which the Jacket may be attached. Having obtained of the United States Letters Patent for a Safety Jacket, which is warranted to resist the most intense heat that may be applied to it in the position and purpose for which it is intended.

It is a sure protection from accidents by fire, originating from defective flues or where iron pipes are used as conductors for smoke or heat. It is applicable to all piping that may become overheated, and is warranted to give perfect satisfaction where wood or other combustible material may be placed in close proximity thereto, I am now ready to apply my invention to stores, dwellings, factories, ships, steamboats, railroad cars, &c. Wherever pipes as conductors are made dangerous by being overheated and security desired, I will send on application right to manufacture or use the above invention. Also Territorial rights to such as may wish to engage in selling privileges either by State or county.

J. B. HARRIS.

Office at the "NE PLUS ULTRA PAINT WORKS," corner of Morris street and the Allegheny Valley Railroad, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, Pa. jy16:m36

REMOVAL.
H. HIGBY & CO.

Have removed their stock of China, Glass and Queensware from No. 22 Wood street to the spacious warehouse,

189 LIBERTY STREET,

A few doors above SIXTH, (late St. Clair St.,) where they will be pleased to show their old friends and the public the elegant stock of new goods just now opening. je17

GRAY'S FERRY
PRINTING INK WORKS.
C. E. ROBINSON,
MANUFACTURER OF
Black and Colored Printing & Lithographic
INKS, VARNISHES, &C.
Gray's Ferry Road and 33d Street,
fe16:e60 PHILADELPHIA.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
GREEN OIL CLOTH
FOR WINDOW SHADES.
TRANSPARENT
WINDOW SHADES,
TABLE AND FURNITURE
OIL CLOTHS
IN EVERY VARIETY.
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
26 and 28 Sixth Street

GOOD NEWS.
CHEAP BREAD IN DEAR TIMES.
Enquire for WARD'S Bread.

The largest and best. The initials "H. W." on every loaf. Take none else. au4:TTS

REVOLVING HORSE HAY RAKES.
A large lot just received and for sale at lowest market price.
W. W. KNOX,
my29:J98-STTH

MAPLE SUGAR.—10 barrels on consignment at WATT, LANG & CO'S, 172 and 174 Wood street.

CEMEMT—100 bbls Louisville Hydraulic Cement, for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SUMMER DRESS GOODS
AT
Much Lower Prices
THAN
ANY OFFERED THIS SEASON.

Plain Wide Percales
AT 25 CENTS,
BLUE, BUFF AND PINK.

FINE DOUBLE WIDTH ALPACAS
At 25 Cents.
IN ALL DESIRABLE COLORS.

STRIPED SUMMER POPLINS
At Only 20 Cents.

CHECK GRENADINES
At 18 3-4 Cents.

Fine Grey Mixed Summer Poplins
At 30 Cents.

EXTRA BARGAINS IN
FINE DRESS GOODS
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

HEADQUARTERS
FOR
MEN & BOY'S CLOTHING.
GRAY & LOGAN,
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Are now offering a complete stock of Summer Clothing of medium and fine goods at the very lowest prices.

Children's Cassimere Linen and Suits.
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jy1:130

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SCROLL SAWING,
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Done promptly to order at 161 Lacock street, Allegheny City, by

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IN
EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB.
SOLD ONLY BY
LEMON & WEISE.
Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c.,
118 FOURTH AVENUE.

Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. de25

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100,000 Pounds of Wool Wanted by
MEANOR & HARPER,
AT THE WHITE FRONT,
329 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
je30

NEW CLOVER HONEY.

100 boxes Fayette county new honey, just received in prime order and for sale by the box at lowest prices, at the Family Grocery Store of
JNO. A. RENSHAW,
jy14 Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

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83 Smithfield street, corner of Diamond alley, Pittsburgh.
Parties and families supplied with Ice Cream and Cakes on short notice.

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No. 98 FIFTH STREET,
ap6:n90:d&F PITTSBURGH, PA

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J. B. CANFIELD.

CHEESE.—50 boxes Factory Cheese; 25 boxes Goshen do., for sale by
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PEARL ASH.—20 sacks or sale
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NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES, will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED.—SITUATION—By a Young Girl to do light housework in a small family, in or out of the city. Wanted more for a home than anything else. Address A. D., GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED.—A SITUATION as TEACHER by one who has had fifteen years experience in teaching, and who has been three years County Superintendent of common schools. Address, J. H. C., GAZETTE OFFICE.

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WANTED. — BOARDERS. —A gentleman and his wife, or a few single gentlemen, can obtain pleasant rooms and good board by applying soon at 71 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. References exchanged.

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WANTED.—A FURNISHED SLEEPING ROOM, within twenty minutes walk of Pittsburgh Postoffice. Address, stating terms and location, J. J. N., GAZETTE OFFICE, Pittsburgh.

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WANTED.—AGENTS.—$75 to $200 per month everywhere, male and female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid and embroider, in a most superior manner. Price only $18. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth can not be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa., St. Louis, Mo., or Boston, Mass.

CAUTION—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast iron machines, under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

WANTED—AGENTS.—To sell the American Knitting Machine. Price $25. The simplest, cheapest and best Knitting Machine ever invented. Will knit 40,000 stitches per minute. Liberal inducements to agents. Address AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.

PERSONAL.

MR. W. M. BURNS, Proprietor of the popular Eating House, corner of Sixth avenue and Smithfield streets, begs leave to announce to his numerous friends that none but the male sex will be allowed to dine at his tables, he having thrown his entire rooms into one. Dinner, Supper and Breakfast served at this house lower than at any other house of its reputation in the city. Call at Burns' and get plenty to eat for a small amount of money.

TO LET.

TO-LET.—A HOUSE of Ten Rooms, newly refitted; in a most beautiful, shady and central location, on Eighth (Hancock) street, near Penn. Also another with six rooms. Apply at 277 Penn street.

TO-LET.—FIVE NEW HOUSES of SIX ROOMS each on Jalappa street, 5th ward, Allegheny, near Allegheny Avenue, one square from Manchester street cars. Enquire of L. M. SHOLES, 89 Federal street, corner Scranton avenue, or CHARLES P. STRAIGHT, 171 North avenue, corner Webster street.

TO-LET.—ROOMS, on Second floor, with Boarding. Location the most desirable in the city, with the conveniences of bath rooms, the comforts of a private family, as few boarders are kept. 181 North Avenue, Allegheny City.

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TO-LET.—ROOMS.—Two fine ROOMS in GAZETTE BUILDING. Apply to Counting Rooms, 84 and 86 Fifth avenue.

FOR SALE

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

No. 1. WAREHOUSE AND LOT, No. 95 Water street, 30 feet front on Water street, extending back 160 feet to First street. Occupied by Messrs. Calhoun & Son.

No. 2. WAREHOUSE AND LOT, No. 205 Liberty street, 20 feet front on Liberty, extending back 120 feet. Occupied by Mr. McSwiggin.

No. 3 One-half of WAREHOUSE AND LOT, No. 337 Commercial Row, Liberty street.

No. 4. LOT No. 22 in Curling's Plan of Lots, fronting 20 feet on Dinwiddie street.

No. 5. LOTS Nos. 82, 83, 84, 85 and 86 in Wray & Hoeveller's Plan of Lots, Bloomfield.

A considerable portion of the purchase money to remain on interest.

For further information apply to DR. R. WRAY, 152 Webster street, or to J. T. WRAY & BROTHERS 29 and 31 Irwin street. jy17:m29

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Good 6 roomed brick house on Centre avenue and large lot—$4,500.
Good 6 roomed frame house with all improvements; lot 68 by 110—$4,000.
Frame house, 2 rooms; lot 24 by 100—$1,000.
Two well finished press brick houses and large lot—only $6,000.
Two 6 roomed houses on Fulton street—$2,500 each.
One lot 24 by 199 feet on Reed street—$500.
Plot of ground on Mt. Washington.
20 acres on Panhandle Railroad, 4 miles from the city.
30 acres on Western Pa. Railroad, 4 miles from the city.
225 acres good improved land in Missouri. Will be divided to suit purchasers.
20 lots on Centre avenue—$300 to $1,500 each. Inquire of
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MARKET STREET. ST. CLAIR STREET.

THE ENTIRE
FALL AND WINTER AS WELL AS SUMMER GOODS,
To be Closed Out by
THE FIRST OF AUGUST.
SALES TO COMMENCE
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By Order,
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FOR SALE.—The BAR of the Saloon, No 3 WYLIE STREET. Will lease the House for any number of years. Mrs. JENNIE GAZZOLO.

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FOR SALE.—A light and profitable business. No opposition. Capital required, $5,500. One or two men going into the business can clear over $5,000 per year. Inquire of M'Clung & Rainbow, Real Estate Agents, 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue.

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FOR SALE.—A New Brick Residence, built by days work, having eight rooms, gas, hot and cold water throughout, marble mantles and wash stands, a bath room and piazza. Lot 120x140 feet, delightfully located in the beautiful town of Alliance, Ohio, having 6,000 inhabitants and noted for its colleges, rapid growth, enterprise and manufactories. 94 miles from Pittsburgh and 56 from Cleveland Junction, Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago, and the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railways. Address Lock Box 89, Alliance, O. je12:k28

FOR SALE.—SALT WORKS, DWELLINGS AND FIFTY ACRES OF LAND ON WEST PENNA. R. R.—The works are now in successful operation. The land is underlaid with coal, now open and mined, and would make a splendid vineyard; best of salt water at the works. There is money in this property. The owner would not sell were he able to attend to it. Railroad runs through the land. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—COUNTRY HOME.—A beautiful residence and fifty-three acres of choice land, on Perrysville Plank Road. The house has eleven rooms, is built and finished in modern style, with all necessary outbuildings, abundance of choice fruit, and in fact everything to make it pleasant and comfortable. Will be sold as a whole or divided to suit purchasers. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth Avenue.

FOR SALE.—VALUABLE CITY RESIDENCE.—HOUSE AND LOT, No. 72 Washington street, Allegheny City. The lot is 62 feet on Washington street, extending back 260 feet, on which is erected a double two story brick dwelling, having all modern improvements. Also brick stable and carriage room, with servants room attached, all in first rate order. To those wanting a comfortable home, this property is recommended. Enquire on the premises, or to ROBERT DALZELL,
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SALTSBURG—A 2 story Brick House, 9 rooms, 80 by 180.
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SECOND AVENUE—A 3 story Brick House, 9 rooms.
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For particulars enquire at 87 Grant street.
jy15 TUSTIN & KLEE.

FOR SALE.
3 STILLS, each 9 feet diameter and 16½ feet long, with about 300 feet condensing pipe, from 4-inch down to 2½-inch gas pipe to each still, for $900 apiece.
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1 IRON AGITATOR, 16 feet diameter and 16 feet deep, with cast iron bottom for $500.
700 feet 2½-inch GAS PIPE at 20c per foot.
Apply to ERNY, JAGEMAN & CO., at works, near Sharpsburg Bridge. jy8:179

FOR SALE.
House and Lot on Sandusky street; House and Lot on Boyle street; 3 Houses in the Eighth Ward; 3 Farms in Ohio; Farm in Sewickley Township; 10 acres at Fleming Station, P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.; Farm near Perrysville; House and 1¼ acres at Glendale Station, P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.; 2 Farms in Iowa, Lot on Locust street (Manchester); Farm in Westmoreland county; 7 Houses and Lots in Spring Garden avenue; House and Lease on Middle street; House and 4 Lots on Spring Hill, 7th ward. Other Houses and Lots in good location. Inquire of
M. WHITMORE,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent, corner Ohio and Sandusky streets, Allegheny. jy17

FOR SALE.
3 lots in Mansfield, 60x120 each. 11 acres of land, grapery, peaches and small fruit, good spring of water, log house, etc; price low. 70 acres, Economy township, Beaver Co; price $75 per acre; good orchard of 300 bearing fruit trees. House of 7 rooms, 1½ miles from Economy station. 1,100 acres, Gilmore Co., West Va.; good soil, well timbered and watered; price $4 per acre. 205 acres, same county, good home and orchard; price $9 per acre. 1 240 acres, Braxton Co., West Va.; rich soil and well timbered; price $3.50 per acre.
Bonds and Mortgages wanted by
THOS. SIMPSON & R. M. HOLLAND
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je16 Office, back room.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The heirs of the late ALEXANDER CAMERON, deceased, offer the following desirable and conveniently located property for sale: Three story Brick Dwelling House, fronting on West Common, Allegheny, No. 26 Sherman avenue. Also, two story Brick Dwelling, fronting on East Common, No. 16 Union avenue. Also, three story Brick store room, No. 104 Federal street, Allegheny, now occupied by J. J. East as Book Store. All of the above is offered on reasonable terms, in order to facilitate the settlement of the estate. Parties wanting information will apply to the undersigned at office of the Pennsylvania Insurance Company, 168½ Wood street, Pittsburgh. HUGH McELHENY. jy9:180

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Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.

Repairing done on shortest notice.

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FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR," COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, VAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

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500,000 feet Dry Pine Boards.
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ap26

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My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 15 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general

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mv14:q5

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AND DEALERS IN

Petroleum and its Products,

Pittsburgh Office—DALZELL'S BUILDING, corner of Duquesne Way and Irwin streets.

Philadelphia Office—127 WALNUT ST.

ap1:w20

ECLIPSE PETROLEUM REFINERY.

HERBERT W. C. TWEDDLE,

MANUFACTURER OF

Lubricating & High Test Burning Oils.

Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil.

Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.

Locomotive, Engine, Machine Shop,

Will cut Screws.

Saw Mill and Planing Mill Oils,

Adapted for high speed.

Spindle Oil, Wool Head-Light Oil, Oil, Tanners' Stuffing & Finishing Oil, Harness Oil, Benzole, Gasoline, Parraffine.

ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from Rust.

These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by Superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET, Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,

ANCHOR COTTON MILLS.

PITTSBURGH.

Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT

ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

FINANCIAL.

FIFTH AVENUE BANK

Of Pittsburgh,

Is now open for Discount, Deposit and General Banking Business, at 195 FIFTH AVENUE.

Any sum received from One Dollar upwards.

Interest at the rate of six per cent. paid on time deposits.

DIRECTORS:

ED. DITHRIDGE, W. P. WEYMAN,
W. H. SIMS. FRANK SIEBERT,
W. C. ROBERTSON, HENRY MEYER,
DAN. KINZER. D. M. ARMOR,
EMIL POERSTEL.

ED. DITHRIDGE, President.

F. F. SCHENCK, Cashier.

jy10:198

AMERICAN BANK.

NO. 80 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH.

CASH CAPITAL - - - - - $200.000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

JOHN FLOYD President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

Thos. M. Marshall, John M. Martland,
Wm. T. Shannon, Archibald Wallace,
James W. Arrott, Jas. D. Kelly,
Chas. B. Leech, Wm. Floyd.
John Floyd,

This Bank is now fully organized and prepared to do a general Banking business.

je10:k43

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Corner Third and Wood Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

COVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London.

my1:882

N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

57 Market Street,

PITTTSBURGH, PA.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.

ja30:a1

JAY COOKE & CO.,

Bankers,

114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS and BONDS of all descriptions bought and sold.

Special attention given to the purchase and sale of Government Securities.

mh30

CITY BANK.

112 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CAPITAL, $100,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canada.

DOMINICK IHMSEN, President.
JAMES McCABE, Vice President.
JOHN B. GORMLEY, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

D. Ihmsen, James McCabe,
Thomas Rourke, John Savage,
J. Dunlevy, Jr., Terence Campbell,
Patrick Kane, James Phelan,
Chas. B. Barr, H. A. Freyvogle,
Jno. Jos. Hermann, Thomas Barnes,
Hugh Keating.

je1:k5

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK.

NO. 65 FOURTH STREET.

CHARTERED IN 1855.

ASSETS .....$2,503,431 33.

Open daily, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M., and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Deposits received of all sums of not less than ONE DOLLAR and a dividend of the profits declared twice a year, in June and December. Interest has been declared semi-annually in June and December since the Bank was organized, at the rate of six per cent. a year.

Interest, if not drawn out, is placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bears the same interest from the 1st days of June and December, compounding twice a year, without troubling the depositor to call, or even to present his pass book. At this rate money will double in less than twelve years.

Books containing the Charter, By-Laws, Rules and Regulations, furnished gratis, on application at the office.

PRESIDENT—GEORGE ALBREE.

VICE PRESIDENTS:

John G. Backofen, A. M. Pollock, M. D.,
Benj. F. Fahnestock, Robert Robb,
James Herdman, John H. Shoenberger,
James McAuley, James Shidle,
James B. D. Meeds, Alexander Speer,
Isaac M. Pennock, Christian Yeager.

TRUSTEES:

Wm. J. Anderson, Robert C. Loomis,
Calvin Adams, Henry J. Lynch,
John C. Bindley, Peter A. Madeira,
George Black, John Marshall,
Hill Burgwin, Walter P. Marshall,
Alonzo A. Carrier, John B. McFadden,
Charles A. Colton, Ormsby Phillips,
John Evans, Henry L. Ringwalt,
John J. Gillespie, Wm. E. Schmertz,
William S. Haven, Alexander Tindle,
Peter H. Hacker, William Van Kirk,
Richard Hays, Isaac Whittier,
James D. Kelly, Wm. P. Weyman.

TREASURER—CHARLES A. COLTON.
SECRETARY—JAMES B. D. MEEDS.

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,

(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND ELOOR.

Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.

All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

FISH! FISH!—Potomoc Shad in half barrels; Potomac Herring in barrels; Mackerel No. 1, 2 and 3 in various sized packages; White Fish; Lake Herring. For sale low to the trade by WATT, LANG & CO., 172 and 174 Wood street.

FINANCIAL.

GOLD,

SILVER AND COUPONS

Bought at Highest Prices.

PH. R. MERTZ, Banker

Cor. Wood and Fifth Streets.

my6

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(Successors to S. JONES & CO.,)

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

GOVERNMENT BONDS!

We will register all kinds of Government Bonds free of charge. This gives the holder absolute security against theft, loss, or destruction.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Dealers in Government Bonds,

COR. FOURTH & WOOD STS.

my13:j25

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, July 19, 1869.

Gold opened strong at 136¼, advanced to 136¼, declined to 135⅝ and closed weak at 135⅞. The steady improvement of our bonds in the European markets are the main reason for the weakness of gold, also the light exports, which were expected to be very heavy during this month.

The bond market is barely sustained since the decline of gold, and only the purchases by government keep up the quotations. The supply on the market is more than sufficient for all transactions and larger lots are offered whenever the market advances a little above the average quotations.

Stocks have been dull and heavy, but recovered at the close, except some of the western roads, which are quite dull and heavy.

Money in good supply.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 135⅝; Silver, 127; Eighty-one's, 120¾; Five Twenties, 1862, 123½; do 1864, 121¾; do 1865, 121⅝; do 1865, Consols, 120⅝; do 1867, 120⅝; do 1868, 120¾; Ten Forties, 110⅜; New York Central, 211½; Erie, —; Reading, 93¾; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 53¾; Ohio & Mississippi, 31⅜; Michigan Southern, 106¼; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 106; Chicago & Rock Island, 14¾; Chicago & North Western, 79¾; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 94½; Adams Express Company, 59½; Merchants Union Express, 9¾; Pacific Mail, 82¾; Western Union Telegraph Company, 36⅜; Am. W. Express, 41.

EXCHANGE,	Large.	Small.
London, per £	$6,71	$6,85
Paris, per franc	27⅛	28½
Berlin, thaler	99	1,00¼
Frankfort, florins	58⅛	59

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co. Gold, 136⅛; United States Sixes, 1881, 120¾; Five-Twenties, 1862, 123½; do. 1864, 121¾; do. 1865, 121¾; Ten-Forties, 110¾; Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 120⅝; do. do. 1867, 120½; do. do. 1868, 120⅝; Due Compounds, 119; Union Pacific Railroad, 90; Central do. do., 99; Cy. Pacifics, 107½; Lake Superior 96.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 19, 1879.

Money easy at 7 per cent., with exceptions at 6. Discounts nominal. Sterling firm at 9⅜@10⅛ per cent. Gold unsettled, opening at 136⅛, advanced to 136¼, fell to 135⅝, rose to 136 and closed at 135¾@135⅞. Carrytng rates 1-32 per day and 6@7 per annum. Clearances $46,000,000. The Allemania to-morrow will take $200,000 to Europe.

Governments firm; Coupons of '81, 120¾@121; do. '62, 123½@123⅝; do. '64, 121⅜@121⅞; do. '65, 121¾@121¾; new do., 120½@120⅝; do. '67, 120⅝@120¾; do. '68, 120⅝@120¾; 10-40's, 110⅝@110¾; Pacifics, 107¾@108.

State bonds dull: Missouris, 87¾; old Tennessees, 32¼; new do., 56; North Carolinas, 45½.

Stocks dull and lower, closing unsettled.

Bidding Prices at 5:30: Canton, 63; Cumberland, 31; Western Union Telegraph, 36½; Quicksilver, 15¾; Mariposa, 8; do. preferred, 14¾; Pacific Mail, 81¾; Wells Express, 22; Adams, 59½; American, 42; United States, 73¾; Merchants, 10; N. Y. Central, 210¾; Harlem, 143; Hudson, 182; Reading, 92¾; Erie 29½; do. pf'rd, 54; Michigan Central, 131½; do. Southern, 104½; Illinois Central, 139; Pittsburgh, 106¼; Northwestern, 78¾; do. preferred, 93¾; C. C. & C., 70½; Rock Island, 113¼; St. Paul, 76¼; do. preferred, 86½; Wabash, 73¼; Ft. Wayne, 153; Terre Haute, 34; do. preferred, 58; Chicago and Alton, 159; Ohio and Mississippi, 31¾; Burlington and Quincy, 190; St. Joseph preferred 125.

Mining stocks quiet.

Copper stocks at Boston: Copper Falls, 7½; Franklin, 12; Hecla, 85; Hancock, 2; Minnesota, 1½; Quincy, 23.

Sub-Treasury Receipts, $5,260,174; Payments, $857,112; Balance, $95,139,405. Disbursements coin interest, $467,824.

DETROIT, July 19.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat—white quiet at $1,68 for No. 1, with small offerings; amber active at $1,45 for No. 1.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, July 19 1869.

The markets, in a general way, present but little that is new or important. Business generally is very dull and inactive, and almost everything is hanging as it were in suspense, and is likely to remain so until the result of the harvest has been more fully and definitely ascertained. The weather continues very unfavorable for harvesting; there was probably more rain on Sunday than on any one preceding day this summer, and that the Grain outstanding, especially, the wheat, will sustain considerable damage, therefrom is certain; we still adhere to our old position, however, that there will be an average crop, the advices from nearly every quarter rendering this an almost certainty.

APPLES—In steady demand, and we can report regular sales at $3,50@4,00 per bbl.

BUTTER—Is quiet and rather dull but unchanged. Sales of good to choice at 20@25.

BEANS—Dull at $1,75@2.

BROOMS—Quoted as follows: No. 5 $6,50; No. 4 $6: No. 3 $5, No. 2, plain, $4,50, and market firm.

CHEESE—Sales Western Reserve, at 15; Hamburg, at 16; Factory, at 17; and Goshen, at 18.

CARBON OIL—Is quiet, and unchanged—28@30 in a jobbing way, for standard brands.

DRIED FRUIT—Dull. Peaches nominal at 9@10 for quarters; 12@14 for mixed, and 16 for prime halves. Apples 10@13 cts.

EGGS—Sales at 20@21c—the latter figure for fresh packed.

FEATHERS — Supply in hands of commission men almost exhausted. Live geese may be quoted at 85@90, to the trade, and $1 in a retail way.

FISH—Quoted as follows: No. 1 Mackeral, $14 per half bbl; No. 2, $10,50; No. 3 large (full) $7,50; do short, $6,75; Baltimore Herring $9 per bbl do Shad, $8,50. Lake Herring, $3,25 per half bbl, and White Fish, $8.

FLOUR—Is held more firmly, and some dealers have advanced their best Spring Wheat brands to $7; quotations, however, may be fairly quoted at $6,50@7, as to quality. Winter Wheats remain unchanged at $7@7,25—there has been no material advance in winter wheat. Rye flour $6,25@6,50.

GRAIN—Wheat continues very scarce and good to choice winter is still quoted at $1,35@1,40. There is no spring in market and it cannot be laid down here at anything like the above quotations, as it is worth nearly as much ih Chicago as it would bring here. Corn is scarce, firm and advancing; may be quoted in the absence of sales at 88@90 for mixed, and 93@95 for prime Yellow. We are cognizant of an offer to sell 2,000 bushels mixed, in ear, to arrive, at 90. Oats also firm, and tending upward; we now quote at 68@69 on track, and 70@72 in store. Rye still quoted at $1,25, with small sales at this figure. No movement in Barley.

HAY—Baled is scarce and firm, and we now quote at $25@28, as to quality.

HEMP—Last sales at $205.

HUSKS—Sales at 2¾@3 cts per pound.

LIME—Cleveland Lime is quoted at $2,50, per bbl, and Common White at $1,75.

LARD OIL—Sales of No. 2 at $1,15@1,18 nd No. 1 at 1,45@$1,48

POULTRY—Sales of spring chickens, by the coop, at 60 @65c per pair.

POTATOES—Very dull, with a supply considerably in excess of the demand; may be quoted at $1,75@2 per bbl.

PROVISIONS—Market firmer, and Sugar Cured Hams have advanced. Shoulders, 14¾@15 for Plain, and 17 for Sugar Cured; Ribbed Sides, 17¾ and Clear do, 18¾; Plain Hams, 18½ and Sugar Cured do, 22@22½. Lard in tierces, 20½@20¾ in half bbls and 21@21½ in Kegs. Dried Beef, 22. Mess Pork $33,50.

PEANUTS—Small sales at 12.

SALT—Allegheny River brands are quoted, by the car load, at $1,75@1,80.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY July 10, 1869.

The oil market, compared with Saturday, presents but little that is new or important. The demand, either for present or future delivery, does not seem to be very urgent, though it is but proper to state that the offerings are light and sellers are not pressing sales, nor is there is any disposition manifested to make concessions. If anything, the market is a little stronger than it was last week, though there is no essential change in prices, and the sales continue very light, and generally, of an unimportant character.

CRUDE.

Sales two lots, one of two and the other of one thousand seller's option, last three months, at 14½. Spot or July seller, is still held at 14¾@14¾, with but few, if any, buyers above 14½. Seller all year, may be quoted, in the absence of sales, at 14; and buyer, all year, at 16½.

REFINED.

Sale 500 each October to December, at 33; and 1000 July, at 31¼. Augast quoted at 32 for first and 32¼@32½ for last half, and July to December, at 32½@32¾. Notwithstanding the sales continue light, the shipments are liberal, averaging about 2,500 bbls per day. The shipments last week aggregated over 15,000 bbls.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	80c

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

Pool & Bro	160 bbls
Citizens Co	80 "
T. Chess	320 "
E. Singleton	50 "
R. T. Leech	750 "
R. D. Cochran & Bro	1,250 "
Waring & King	2,500 "
Roess & Bro	1,200 "
Lockhart, Frew & Co	2,800 "
Total	9,100 bbls.

OIL SHIPMENTS PER WEST PENNA. R R.

Excelsior Oil Manf. Co., 50 bbls ref. to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

A. Hertz & Co., 500 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

G. W. Holdship & Co., 103 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined..... 653

OIL SHIPPED EAST AT DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Brooks, Ballentine & Co. 90 bbls ref. to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Hutchison oil refinery & S. C. 320 bbls to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Fleming & Co. 50 bbls ref. oil to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined..... 460

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, July 19.—The dry goods market remains quiet and steady, the only change of importance being the price of 5-4 Wamsutta bleached cotton, which are reduced to 30c by the leading jobbing firms. Printing cloths are inactive and heavy. Sheetings are held at 16½@17c for best makes.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

DOMESTIC ECONOMY.

Russe.—Beat a quart of cream to a froth, sweeten with white pulverized sugar sufficiently, add a teaspoon of extract of vanilla, with an ounce of isinglass melted; mix all thoroughly; then take strawberries and line a deep dish and pour the cream in the center.

A Nut Cake.—Take a half a pound of flour, a half pound of sugar, quarter of a pound of butter, three eggs, two teaspoons of baking powder; mix this well, and then mix in a teacup of nuts—hickory nuts are preferred; bake in a well heated oven.

Cream Cake—Half cup of sour cream, half a cup of sugar, one cup and a half of flour, two eggs, half teaspoon of soda dissolved in cream.

Puff Cake.—One cup of sugar, one cup and a half of flour, half a cup of butter, two eggs, one cup sweet milk, three teaspoons of baking powder.

Grape Jelly.—Pick the grapes when they are ripe, boil in half pint of water until soft, then let them drain through a thin cloth; after the juice is drained out, boil again a few minutes and then add sugar—a pound for every pint; the best white sugar should be used—boil fifteen minutes and pour in glasses.

Apple Jelly.—Fall pippin apples are decidedly the best for jelly. To one peck of apples, after they are pared and quartered, take three pints of water and the juice of one lemon, with a very little lemon peel, stew until soft, then pour into a jelly bag and let drain; to every pint of juice add a pound of sugar; set it on the fire; take off any scum that arises; let boil twenty or thirty minutes, trying occasionally with a spoon to see if it jells. If ready to put in glasses the syrup will drop thick.

Apple Tarts.—Stew eight tart apples as for sauce, sweeten and add cinnamon and a tablespoonful of butter while hot; when cold add half a teacup of bread brumbs, and the yolks of four eggs well beaten, with a cup of sweet milk; bake with under crust; when done beat the white of the egg and four large spoonfuls of white sugar, and extract to suite taste, beat stiff, pour over the tarts, set them in the oven to gain a light brown.

Soft Waffles.—Take three pints of milk, five eggs, large cup of butter yeast, half cup, make as soft as batter cakes.

Tomato Batter Cakes.—Slice ripe tomatoes, cover them with batter and fry on griddle, as any other cakes.

Sherry Cobbler.—Fill a quart pitcher half full of broken ice, teacup of strawberries, one lemon peel, cup of white sugar, fill with sherry.

Punch.—To a quart of sweet milk add three eggs well beaten, add sugar, nutmeg and lemon peel; boil this until it thickens, then add a cup of rum; stir all the time,

Pop Over Cake.—The following is the receipt for making the justly celebrated Pop Over Cake. It is said to be well worth a trial: One cup of milk, one cup of flour, one cup of egg, a little pinch of salt; increase in proportion to the family.

TO GATHER AND PRESERVE PLANTS.

1. If possible gather dry plants upon a dry day, and protect them from sunlight and wind.
2. Plants should be gathered when in flower.
3. A single specimen should be a perfect representative of the plant—not only the flower, but bud, fruit or seed, all its various kind of leaves, and, in small plants, even the roots. With some plants these can all be represented in the same specimen, but with others it is necessary to collect specimens both in flower and fruit.
4. If the plant be small, dry the whole, root, stalk and flower; if large, a brattch in flower should be preserved; at any rate a flower with the leaves should be dried, if possible.
5. Plants should be thoroughly dried between sheets of paper—old newspapers will answer. Two kinds of paper are needed in drying them, namely, folds and dryers. Folds are simply pieces of paper folded once, like a sheet of writing paper, into which the plants to be dried and pressed are to be put. Dryers are large sheets of thick, unsized paper—old newspapers will answer—used to absorb the moisture of the plants when being pressed. In changing the plants to new dryers—which should be done every other day—never remove them from the folds until completely dried.
6. When the plants are within these dryers, press them between hard wood boards, using for the purpose a weight of from fifty to seventy-five pounds.
7. When the plants are perfectly dried, remove them from the dryers, and attach them to sheets of white paper about eleven by sixteen inches in size, and write upon each the scientific and common name, when in flower, where found, soil it flourishes in, etc:

STEAM PLOUGHING IN AMERICA.

The steam-plough, which has recently been introduced into this country, is an apparatus consisting of two locomotive engines, stationed at a given distance apart. Leading from these engines is a cable, about the size of a man's thumb, made of twisted wire, which is wound round a drum fixed on the under side of the locomotive, and as it unwinds from one, is drawn round the other. This gives the propelling power to the plough. The ploughs are made of wrought iron and adjustable to different widths of furrow. The plough-bodies and coulters are fixed on a bevel beam, and by altering their positions along the beam in either direction, a wider or narrower furrow is cut at pleasure, at the same time retaining the rigidity of a riveted frame, which is essential to the durability of a steam-going implement.

Steam cultivation has been prosecuted in England successfully for over fifteen years. In this country, it is only within the past three or four years since the first introduction of these machines.

Mr. Henry Lawrence, of Chaseford, N. J., was, we believe, the first to import one into the United States. This was sent to a sugar plantation in Louisiana, where it has worked well.

There have been but four imported into the United States, while the viceroy of Egypt has now some four hundred in use in his dominions. They have been introduced in France, Russia, Cuba, Australia, &c. The last one imported into the United States was quite recently, by Col. N. C. Patterson, of Philadelphia, and placed on his farm at Alison, N. J., where an experiment was made a few days ago in presence of a number of agricultural gentlemen, including Colonel Horace Capron, U. S. Commissioner of Agriculture, who has taken a deep interest in the introduction of this species of labor-saving machinery into this country. The trial on this occasion was very successful, and demonstrated that steam cultivation can be made to pay on large bodies of land, particularly in most parts of southern New Jersey, where those lands are now being cultivated to early vegetables, sugar beet, &c.

The plough used on the occasion referred to consisted of a gang of six ploughs, which cut a width of about seven feet by one hundred yards long in the space of one minute. The locomotives are rated at fourteen-horse power, and propel themselves from one point to another by means of wide treading wheels. —*Hearth & Home.*

LOSS IN STACKING HAY.

A farmer of sound judgment and large experience in cutting and storing hay, estimates his own loss in stacking at twenty-five per cent. He cuts probably a hundred tons a year, and stacks a fifth part of it for want of barn-room. He has very properly made up his mind to build a new barn. We think his estimate is not wide from the mark. There is a large loss from moulding at the bottom of the stack, and old rails, boards, or straw will not wholly prevent it. Then the whole external surface for three or four inches is weather beaten, and loses much of its sweetness; and it is not improbable that this loss of aroma extends through the whole stack.

The conviction is universal among intelligent men that barn-stored hay is worth much more than that which is taken from the stack. Why then follow this wasteful practice? Look at the loss of this farmer who cuts one hundred tons of hay, worth $2,000. According to his own estimate he pays $100 a year for the privilege of stacking one-fifth of his crop. This is but a small part of the loss where the hay is fed out at the stack. It costs at least a third more hay to keep cattle without shelter. These are strong arguments for more barn-room.—*Ex.*

BEST TIME TO CUT TIMBER.

I have cut timber at all seasons of the year, and noted the results to ascertain its effects upon its durability. You may cut pignut or scaly bark hickory in winter or early spring, and make up into axe-helves, and worms will eat them up; but, cut the same timber, say from the first of July and as long as the bark continues to peel, and they will remain sound. In proof, I have a windlass and frame for same, over a well on my farm, made of pignut hickory, cut in July, 1856, which is sound to-day. The like effect will be experienced upon every description of timber cut as before stated; hence, instead of cutting timber in winter, or as soon as the sap begins to run, it should attain its greatest flow, and have *commenced a decrease in circulation*, by which fermentation is prevented, and yet the pores of the wood are left full; whilst prior to that period and full flow of sap, fermentation sets in, and, in turn, produces worms and the rapid decay of the timber. Whether this theory accounts for the observed results or not, the facts, as before stated, remain.

Timber cut in mid-summer and treated with tar and sand, or charred, will have many years added to its lasting qualities. For press of time in July, farmers may simply cut the trees and bark them, and work up the timber in the following fall with the same good results.—*Rural World.*

IMPURE WATER IN NEW WELLS.

Many cases of impure water in new wells are caused by dissolving impurities from the stones used to wall them. Wells are often abandoned, the water becoming so fetid that no animal, however thirsty, would drink it. When such is the case, remove all water from the well and clean the bottom from mud and other impurities. The second filling of water will be much better, and if the process be repeated a number of times, unless the impure water flows direct from the earth, it will become as wholesome to drink as from wells not thus previously infected.

Should it be necessary to dig through a stratum of soil containing partly decayed vegetable matter, or blue clay, the water of said well will taste offensive for some time; but unless the case is an extraordinary one, the thorough clearing of the well a number of times will ultimately render it pure and wholesome.

In walling a well reject all stone of a porous nature, such as sand stone, for it is from such that the evil alluded to often has its origin; also entirely exclude surface water from the well.

The water is always of better taste when the bottom of the well is of rock foundation, and to have it thus, the cost of digging a few feet deeper is of minor importance.—*Rural New Yorker.*

ITEMS.

THERE is no process of working or washing that will secure a good article of butter, or that will get all the buttermilk out till it has stood a short time, when it must be worked over the second time, after which it will keep a long time. Butter that has not been worked the second time will not keep more than two or three days in warm weather. I don't care how much pains you take with it, the buttermilk that is left in the butter becoming sour, makes your butter rancid.

A CORRESPONDENT of the *Scientific American* gives an account of an ingeniously extemporized apparatus for removing carbonic acid gas from wells. It was simply an umbrella let down and rapidly hauled up a number of times in succession. The effect was to remove the gas in a few minutes from a well so foul as to instantly extinguish a candle previous to the use of the umbrella.

CLOVER can be plowed down too often in loamy soil. It makes it too loose, and the wheat is more easily frozen out. The surface should be well rolled in the fall; and, if the ground is dry enough, it should be rolled in the spring before the wheat starts much.

THE New York *Tribune* says: A farmer in Ohio had a thrifty orchard which blossomed freely but bore no fruit. He washed twelve of the trees once a week with strong soap suds, and was gratified by a fair harvest the subsequent season.

AN English farmer, by picking over his seed-wheat with the utmost care, and planting a grain in a place, at intervals of a foot each way, produced 162 bushels to the acre.

DRY copperas strewed about ant-nests will induce them to leave them and not return. So says one who has tried it.

BY the use of machinery invented within the past twenty years, a farmer's boy can often do the work of ten men.

HE is a farmer who keeps his farm from running down. He who does not do this is a pretended farmer.

THE Maine *Farmer* recommends giving pigs good rock salt twice a week in their food.

NOTICES.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT,
PHILADELPHIA, PA., April 2, 1869.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

All Stockholders, as registered on the Books of this Company on the 30th day of April, 1869, will be entitled to subscribe for TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. of their respective interests in New Stock, at par, as follows:

First. Fifty per cent. at the time of subscription, between the 15th day of May, 1869, and the 30th day or June, 1869.

Second. Fifty per cent. between the 15th day of November, 1869, and the 31st day of December, 1869; or, if Stockholders should prefer, the whole amount may be paid up at the time of subscription, and each instalment so paid up shall be entitled to a pro rata of the Dividend that may be declared on full shares.

Third. That every Stockholder holding less than four shares, shall be entitled to subscribe for one share; and those holding more than a multiple of four shares shall be entitled to subscribe for an additional share.

Fourth. All shares upon which instalments are yet to be paid under Resolution of May 13, 1868, will be entitled to their allotment of the Twenty-five per cent. at par, as though they were paid in full.

my8:198 THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

NOTICE.

CITY TAXES, 1869.

In accordance with Section 6th, Page 398 of City Digest,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

TO THE

CITIZENS OF PITTSBURGH,

That the assessments for 1869 of City, City Building, Special, Poor, Business, City School and Ward School Taxes and City Water Rents have been returned to me for collection.

The above taxes are subject to a DEDUCTION OF FIVE PER CENTUM if paid on or before the

First Day of August,

and TWO PER CENTUM if paid between the

FIRST DAY OF AUGUST

AND THE

FIFTEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER.

No deduction will be allowed on taxes paid between September fifteenth and October first.

An addition of five per centum will be made to all taxes unpaid October first, and an additional five per centum will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid on November first.

A. J COCHRAN,
CITY TREASURER, 4th AVENUE.
PITTSBURGH, July 2, 1869. c5:k83

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF EAGLE COTTON MILLS CO., PITTSBURGH, July 15, 1869.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company have this day declared a dividend of THREE ($3) DOLLARS per share, out of the profits of the last six months, payable in cash, at the office of the company, on and after the 21st inst.

jy1):m28 A. O. FRANCE, Treasurer.

DIVIDEND.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAS CO., July 14th, 1869.

The Trustees of the Pittsburgh Gas Company have this day declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per share of the Capital Stock, payable on demand at the office of the Company.

jy13:m10 W. H. McCLELLAND, Treas'r.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 23 Diamond, Allegheny, have declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per share out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 15th inst.

jy12:m9 JAS. E. STEVENSON, Secretary.

OFFICE ARTIZAN'S INSURANCE CO., PITTSBURGH, July 7, 1869.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS Company have this day declared a dividend of FOUR DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per share, out of the profits of the last six months, to be credited on the stock rates.

jy12:m10 J. G. COFFIN, Secretary.

DIVIDEND.—The Board of Managers of the MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of THREE DOLLARS a share on the stock of said Company, payable forthwith to the stockholders or their legal representatives, at the office of said Company, No. 94 DIAMOND STREET, Pittsburgh, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

WILLIAM BAKEWELL, Treasurer.
PITTSBURGH, July 8th, 1869. jy9:194

OFFICE OF THE BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 41 Ohio Street.
ALLEGHENY, PA., July 6th, 1869.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS PER SHARE out of the profits of the last six months, payable in cash on and after WEDNESDAY, July 14th, 1869.

GEORGE D. RIDDLE, Secretary.
jy8:180

DIVIDEND.—The President and Directors of the BIRMINGHAM and PITTSBURGH BRIDGE CO. have declared a Dividend of ONE DOLLAR and fifty CENTS per share out of the earnings of the past six months, payable on demand.

EDWARD MOYE, Treasurer.
jy7:168 185 Liberty street.

MERCHANTS & MANUFACTURER'S NAT. BANK, PITTSBURGH, July 6th, 1869.

DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith, free of all taxes.

jy7:170 JOHN SCOTT, Jr., Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE CASH INSURANCE CO., PITTSBURGH, July 6, 1869.

DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of THREE DOLLARS PER SHARE out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand, free of Government tax.

jy7:173 JOSEPH T. JOHNSTON, Secretary.

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK, July 3d, 1869.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of SIX PER CENT., payable to the stockholders forthwith free of all taxes.

R. W. MACKEY, Cashier
jy5:196

PITTSBURGH, JULY 3. NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, No. 423 Penn Street.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on or after the 13th inst., free of Government tax.

jy6 ROBT. J. GRIER, Cashier.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND. FIRST NATIONAL BANK PITTSBURGH, PA., (late Pittsburgh Trust Company.)

The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last three months, payable forthwith, free of State and Government Tax.

J. D. SCULLY, Cashier.
JULY 5, 1869. jy5:162

TRADESMENS NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, July 1st, 1869.

DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT., payable on demand, free of all tax.

CYRUS CLARK, Jr., Cashier.
jy2:131

OFFICE PENNA. INSURANCE CO., PITTSBURGH, June 30, 1869.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS Company have this day declared a dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand, free of U. S. tax.

HUGH McELHENY, Secretary
jy1:129

OFFICE ALLEGHENY BRIDGE COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, July 1st, 1869.

DIVIDEND.—The President, Managers and Company, for erecting a bridge over the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, have this day declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS on each share of the capital stock of the Company, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives by the Treasurer forthwith.

WM. ROSEBURG, Treasurer.
jy2:133

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the liver and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they disarrange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abcesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the lungs begin to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all bilious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. my19:151-d&F

DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for two stamps. ap2

ELECTRICITY AS A CURATIVE.—Dr. A. H. STEVENS has been using Electricity as a SPECIAL REMEDY in curing chronic as well as acute conditions WITHOUT MEDICINE for more than TEN YEARS, with unbounded success. A PAMPHLET, including all particulars, with certificates and reliable references, will be sent to any inquirer.

A few furnished rooms vacant, for boarding patients in the Doctor's family, if applied for soon. Office and residence, 2,001 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA. my13:j21

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *Black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. my21:j92

EPILEPSY CAN BE CURED —Those having friends afflicted are earnestly solicited to send for a Circular Letter of References and Testimonials, which will convince the most skeptical of the *curability of the disease.* Address VAN BUREN LOCKROW, M. D., 36 Great Jones street, New York. mh19:g28-d&F

THE MARRIAGE RING.—Essays on the ERRORS OF YOUTH, and the FOLLIES OF AGE, in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. my21:j93-d&F

ASSESSMENTS.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., July 13, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessments for Grading and Paving of ALLEGHENY AVENUE, from Western to South Avenues. Also the assessment for Grading of FRAZIER STREET from Western to Ohio Avenues, are now ready for examination, and can be seen at the office of the City Engineer, until July 20th, 1869, when they will be placed in the hands of the City Treasurer for collection.

CHARLES DAVIS,
jy13:m15 CITY ENGINEER.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, July 10, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for the Boardwalk on Elm street (Bloomfield) from Main street to the Pennsylvania Railroad, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, July 21st, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection. H. J. MOORE,
jy10:m2 City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, July 3, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for Grading and Paving FOSTER'S ALLEY, from Butler street to the Allegheny Valley Railroad, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, July 14, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.
jy5

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, July 1st, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for the Boardwalk on Boundary and Laurel streets is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until MONDAY, July 12th, 1869, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.
jy1:128

REBECCA STREET.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits for opening Rebecca street, First ward, Allegheny, from Craig to Federal street, will meet on the premises to attend to duties of their appointment, on WEDNESDAY, July 22d, 1869, at 4 o'clock P. M.

JOHN RAMSEY,
A. HOUSON,
jy5:165 A. M. MARSHALL.

SEDGEWICK STREET.—The undersigned, appointed to assess damages and benefits for opening Sedgewick street, Sixth ward, City of Allegheny, will meet on the premises on FRIDAY, July 23d, 1869, at 4 o'clock P. M., to attend to duties of their appointment.

T. J. HERMANN,
LEONARD WALTER,
jy5:165 THOMAS SMITH.

PITTSBURGH, July 1, 1869.

THE MECHANICS NATIONAL BANK will pay a dividend of EIGHT (8) PER CENT., free of taxes, on and after July 13th inst.

JNO. G. MARTIN, Cashier.
jy2:132

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

An elegant new Brick Dwelling, 7 rooms, attic and wash room.

House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 16th ward, $1,800.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 16th ward, $1,500.
House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 17th ward, $2,800.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 17th ward, $2,400.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $3,600.
House of 2 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $800.
10 lots, Siebert & Williams' plan, $700 to $800.
2 lots, 44th street, $1,200 each.
4 lots, 45th street, $1,000 each.
3 lots, Hatfield street, $800 each
1 lot, Sherman street, $7,50.
5 lots, 40th street, 20x240, $12,000.
4 lots, Butler street, $4,000.

BARGAINS IN BLOOMFIELD.

Lots 20x137 feet, $600; ten years to pay. A house cost $500; interest on both, $66 a year. Many pay $180 year rent. At Bloomfield you would save $114 a year and your house and lot in less than 10 years. Churches and schools near.

30 acres of land, a mile from Sharpsburg, $6,000; 25 acres of it, $3,500.

D. S. WILLIAMS, 17th ward.

FOR SALE.

Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,

TWO LOTS,

Containing About Two Acres Each,

ENQUIRE OF

W. MACKEOWN & BRO.

195 Liberty Street.
mh15

"HOBOKEN" STATION PROPERTY FOR SALE.

This beautiful situation cannot be surpassed for private residences in any direction, so close to both cities, being only eight miles up the Western Pennsylvania Railroad. Any person desiring information about this property can obtain it by calling at the office of the IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, 75 Federal street, Allegheny. Lots from one-half acre to five acres; also, small lots to suit purchasers. There is a good location for a manufacturing establishment, between the Railroad and Allegheny river. je15:k46

FARM FOR SALE.

A GOOD FARM, in West Deer township, Allegheny county, 10 miles from Sharpsburg. A FRAME TWO STORY HOUSE, of six rooms; CELLAR under all house; also, a LARGE FRAME BARN, 58x38 feet, and other outbuildings. A Young Orchard of Choice Fruit Trees, &c.

For particulars call on the premises, or at JOHN W. BRYSON'S, 349 Liberty street, or address WILLIAM BRYSON, Rural Ridge P. O., Allegheny county, Pa. jy10:j97

GARDENERS TAKE NOTICE.—FOR SALE.—The FOURTEEN MILE ISLAND, on the Allegheny River, and now used for gardening purposes; well improved and in a high state of cultivation; containing 40 or 50 acres, now offered at a bargain. Call soon.

Also, other Farms in good locations. Woolen Factory, two Houses, and twenty acres of land on the Central Railroad. Houses and Lots For Sale and To-let in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD, fe26 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—Situated in Allegheny township, Westmoreland county, 10 minutes walk from McKeans station, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad. Contains 104 acres, 60 of which are cleared; all under fence; balance valuable timber; underlayed with coal, 4 foot vein. Hewed Log House and Barn; an orchard of 140 trees, grafted; the place is well watered and in a good neighborhood. For price and terms apply to B. McLAIN & CO., No. 104 Fourth avenue.

VALUABLE SECOND AVENUE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—Three story Brick Dwelling House, well built and conveniently arranged, hall, ten rooms and cellar; lot 20 feet front by 80 deep. Also, a three story Brick Dwelling House, No. 78 Second avenue; hall, eleven rooms and cellar. Also, 54 Second Second avenue, three story brick house of hall, nine rooms and cellar.

S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
jy16 39 Sixth Avenue.

LEGAL.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, dated June 19, 1869, I will expose at public sale at the Court House in Pittsburgh, on WEDNESDAY, JULY 14th, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the First ward of the city of Allegheny, county aforesaid, at the corner of Balkam street and Bank lane, containing in front on Bank lane 15 feet 6 inches, and in depth along Balkam street 63 feet, more or less, on which is erected a two story brick dwelling house, being the real estate of S. J. Shannon, deceased.

Terms of sale, cash. For further information enquire of BROWN & LAMBIE, Attorneys at Law, No. 114 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

JOHN Q. MILLER,
Administrator of
SAMUEL Q. SHANNON, deceased. j 22:k88T

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

A FINE FARM, late the property of ROBERT GLASS, dec'd., comprising 148 acres, 1 rood and 24 perches, situated on West Penna. R. R., two hours and a half ride from Pittsburgh and within one half mile of either North West or Salena stations, together with Stone Dwelling of Twelve Rooms, Two Frame Tenant Houses, One Frame Barn one hundred feet long, Stone Spring House, Blacksmith Shop, Two Story Frame Granery, Frame Carriage House, Frame Hay House, with sheds, Slaughter House, Large Orchard of choice Fruit in good bearing order, Cider Press and abundant of never failing Springs of pure Water. To be sold on TUESDAY, THE TENTH DAY OF AUGUST, 1869. Trains leave Allegheny City at 7 A. M. and arrive at 6 P. M. For further particulars inquire of Mr. Phelps, corner Cherry alley and Third avenue, J. G. West, office of Clerk of Quarter Sessions, R. D. McClure, 370 Penn street, J. G. Wilson, 55 Fourth avenue j.29:118:TTHST

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that an application has been made in the Court of Common Pleas for Allegheny county for the granting of a CHARTER OF INCORPORATION to the THIRD NATIONAL BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION OF BIRMINGHAM and if no sufficient reason be shown to the contrary, the same will be granted at the next term of Court.

BY THE COURT.
JACOB H. WALTER, Prothonotary.
jy13:m13-T

Restores gray and faded Hair to its ORIGINAL COLOR, removes Dandruff,

CURES ALL DISEASES OF THE SCALP,

Prevents BALDNESS, and makes the hair grow Soft, Glossy and Luxuriant.

$1,00 and $1,50 per Bottle. Each Bottle in a Neat Paper Box.

Prepared by SEWARD, BENTLEY & CHENEY, Druggists, Buffalo, N.Y. Sold by all Druggists.

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR.

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE HEADACHE.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE DYSPEPSIA.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE COSTIVENESS.

Price of Marshall's Elixir, $1,00 per bottle. Depot, 1301 Market street. M. MARSHALL & Co., Druggists, Proprietors.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by GEO. A. KELLY, Pittsburgh. (o4:j69-TTH S

HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS, 266 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paint and Patent Medicines. ja5:29

AMUSEMENTS.

FIRST ANNUAL PIC NIC OF THE

ALLEGHENY LODGE, No. 29,

WILL BE HELD AT

Faulk's Grove, Wednesday, July 21.

TICKETS, 50 cents.

COMMITTEE—G. Faulk, Christ. Jeckel, Adam Repler, L. Schendel, H. Dippel, H. Paulus, Jno. Rosenberger.

Splendid music will be in attendance, and the best of order will be preserved. jy17:m27

FIFTH AVENUE HALL.—

No. 63 Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the coolest and most desirable place of resorte. Liquors can be had at this place Pure and Good. The Billiard Rooms are on the ground floor in the rear.

SUMMER RESORTS.

CRESSON SPRINGS.

Is Favorite Summer Resort,

Situated on the Summit of the ALLEGHENY MOUNTAINS, 2,200 FEET ABOVE THE LEVEL OF THE SEA, will be open for the reception of guests on the 15th day of JUNE. The buildings connected with the establishment have been entirely renovated and newly furnished. Excursion Tickets sold by the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Pittsburgh, good for the season. All trains stop at Cresson. TWO FURNISHED COTTAGES FOR RENT. For further information, address

GEO W. MULLIN, Proprietor,
Cresson Springs, Cambria county, Pa.
jy5:167

STOCKTON HOTEL,

CAPE MAY, N. J..

Will open on the 24th of JUNE, 1869. This hotel has been erected within the past year, affords ample accommodation for nearly one thousand guests and is furnished equal to any of the leading hotels in the United States.

For terms, &c., until then, address,
PETER GARDNER, Proprietor,
No. 307 Walnut street Philadelphia.
je2:k15-WFM

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

CAPE MAY CITY, N. J.,

Will be opened for the season SATURDAY, May 29th. In all first class appointments, equal to any and yet affording to families all the comforts of a home. President Grant expects to visit Cape May this season and will stop at the "United States." Address,

my21:j94 AARON MILLER, Proprietor.

AUCTION SALES.

VALUABLE STOCKS.—Pittsburgh SAVINGS, &c., LITTLE SAW MILL RUN R. R.

TUESDAY EVENING, July 20th, at 8 o'clock, will be sold on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street,

23 shares Exchange National Bank;
49 shares M. & M. National Bank;
5 shares Pittsburgh Savings Bank;
15 shares Little Saw Mill Run Railroad.

jy19 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

$71.50 CITY GROUND RENT.

TUESDAY EVENING, July 30th, at 8 o'clock, will be sold on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, a perpetual ground rent of $71.50 per annum on the Lafayette Building Lot, Wood street, below Fourth avenue.

jy16 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE TO ENGINE BUILDERS.—Sealed Proposals will be received at the office of CITY WATER WORKS, up to August 6th, 1869, for ONE STEAM CYLINDER 26 inches diameter and 8 foot stroke, one pump 16 inches diameter and 8 foot stroke. Engine and pump to be erected and put in successful operation in the engine house at the Lower Basin, Bedford avenue.

jy17 JOSEPH FRENCH, Superintendent.

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY COU

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE *is furnished in the city the six days of the week for* 15 *cents per week; by mail,* $8 *per annum;* 3 *mos.,* $2.

The attention of our readers is called to a house and lot for sale in Allegheny City. See advertisement on fifth page.

Disorderly Conduct.—John McCarthy was arrested on a charge of disorderly conduct, yesterday, and after a hearing fined $25 and costs.

Admitted to the Bar.—On motion of J. H. White, on Saturday last, T Chalmers Campbell was admitted to practice in the several courts of this county.

The Chartiers Railroad.—The contracts for the grading of the Chartiers Valley Railroad have been let, and we learn that work will be commenced all along the line next week.

Late Monthlies. — Gildenfenny, news dealer, No. 45 Fifth avenue, sends us *Godey's Lady's Book* and *Putnam's Magazine* for August. Both are capital numbers, full of good reading matter.

Finger Amputation.—Charles McCarthy, residing at No. 12 Bedford street, had his finger so badly injured yesterday by being caught between the end of his cart and a coal flat as to render amputation necessary.

Fell in a Fit.—Robert Hazlett, a young man, fell in a fit on Fifth avenue, near Market street yesterday morning. He recovered somewhat in a short time and was taken to his home on Robinson street, Allegheny.

Committed for a Hearing.—James Brown made information before Alderman Neillie, yesterday, against Mary Kelley for selling liquor on Sunday. The accused was arrested and committed to jail for a further hearing.

We are pleased to announce that Dr. A. G. McCandless, who has been lying at the point of death for some days, was somewhat better last evening, and faint hopes are now entertained of his recovery. We understand that his affliction is heart disease.

Notice.—On the account of the heavy rain that prevailed on Sabbath day last. The laying of the corner stone of the John Wesley Chapel was postponed till next Sabbath day July 25 inst., at 2½ o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended to all Christians.

A. H. WILLIAMS, Pastor and D. D.

The Pitchfork in War.—Neil Bryson and Charles Brady had a dispute on Seventh street (late Irwin) yesterday morning, when, according to Neil's statement, Charles threatened to transfix him with a pitchfork. Immediately upon hearing this dire threat, Neil hastened away to Alderman Taylor's office and made information against Charles for assault, upon which a warrant was issued.

Thigh Broken.—Yesterday afternoon one of the workmen at the outer depot of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, while walking along the track in the yard was struck by the bumper of a passing locomotive, knocked off the track and had his right thigh broken. He was removed to his residence in the vicinity and medical aid procured. He will recover.

Married.—Mr. Celsus Owens, one of our most esteemed City Civil Engineers, was yesterday united in matrimony to Miss Anne, the accomplished daughter of Dr. L. Oldshue. The happy young couple have our heartiest wishes for their happiness and prosperity, and may they never regret the word passed which united them forever for the journey through life to eternity.

Relief for the Sufferers.—In response to a call for money, food and clothing for the persons who suffered in consequence of the break in the Try street sewer, the following donations were received at the Mayor's office: Shepherd & Davis one hundred loaves of bread; Mrs. Tate, a quanity of clothing; Michael McCullough, cash ten dollars.

The bread and clothing was distributed last evening.

Amputated.—Yesterdy afternoon about five o'clock, Wm. Hetrick, a little deaf and dumb boy, about ten years of age, attempted to climb upon one of the cars of a train crossing Federal street, Allegheny, but missed his footing and fell with two of the fingers of the right hand resting upon the track. Before he could draw them away the wheels of the car passed over and severed them from the hand. He was taken into the office of Drs. Hazelton and Langfit near by, and had his injuries attended to, after which he was taken home. His escape from death seems almost miraculous.

The Mutual Protectionists.—Three informations for violation of the Sunday law were made by the Mutual Protectionists yesterday before Alderman Koenig, of the Sixteenth ward, as follows: Daniel Donevan vs. J. R. Gardner, a druggist charged with selling a bottle of Raspberryade; same prosecutor vs. D. C. Herbst, for selling a saucer of ice cream; same prosecutor vs. John Snyder, for selling ice. Mr. Reardon appeared for the defendant in the first, and J. P. Gazzam, Esq., in the last two cases. The cases were heard and the magistrate withheld his decision.

A House Divided.

Robert Arbuthnot and John Palmer, with their respective families, occupy jointly a tenement house on Forty-fifth street, Seventeenth ward. Connected with the establishment is an out-building, claimed by Arbuthnot as his property, but which, for some reason, has long been an object of great dislike by Palmer, who finally vented his feelings yesterday in chopping it down. This procedure enraged Arbuthnot to such an extent that he only found relief in an information made before Alderman Taylor against Palmer for malicious mischief, upon which a warrant for the arrest of that individual was issued.

Knock Down Argument.

An incident occurred on board the steamer "Belle," lying at the Monongahela wharf, yesterday morning, which is "strikingly" illustrative of the manner in which some river men convince their opponents, when in argument, that the strong points are in their favor. J. Mitchell, cook on the steamer, and Mr. L. Stewart, the clerk, differed as to the amount of money due the former, and after debating the question Mitchell resorted to "knock down" argument, and dealing Stewart a blow with his fist felled him to the floor and then made his escape. Stewart being unable to catch and chastise his antagonist, repaired to the Mayor's office and made an information charging Mitchell with assault and battery. A warrant was issued for his arrest, but the officers have thus far failed to apprehend him.

PITSSBURGH SCHOOLS.

Annual Report of City Superintendent Lucky—Buildings, Attendance, Educational Meetings, Corporal Punishment, &c.

The late consolidation of the adjacent boroughs and townships with the city of Pittsburgh, and their subsequent division into wards and school districts, has given to the Superintendent a vast amount of labor the past year.

Reorganization of the schools, thorough grading, consolidation of districts, devising new plans adapted to a new state of things, introducing and establishing an educational economy that gives the city system an identity of its own, all these have required much time and labor extra to what are usually devoted to the duties of his office. His prime object is, in connection with the Central Board, assisted by the various sub-district boards, eventually to be able to present a system unsurpassed by any in the country. The past year has been one of experiments, which for the most part have been eminently successful; still, much remains to be accomplished, and the brightest hopes are entertained of the future of the Pittsburgh schools.

SCHOOL BUILDINGS.

Pittsburgh, already distinguished for its elegant, capacious and convenient school buildings, has added to their number during the past year two buildings, surpassing in excellence and convenience those previously in use. They are respectively located in the Moorhead and Washington districts; also four temporary buildings have been erected to meet the wants of our increasing population. They are located as follows: Two in the Liberty district, one in the Oakland district, and one in the Lincoln district.

Four superior buildings are now in course of construction, one in Highland, one in Lincoln, and two in the Howard districts. On the completion of these all our inferior school buildings, with the exception of two, will be placed on the retired list.

The erection of a High School building adequate to the wants, and worthy of Pittsburgh, has been commenced, which, when completed, will be unsurpassed by anything of the kind in the State.

REGULAR WORK.

I have spent in official work, during the last fiscal year, two hundred and ninety-five days, visited three hundred and thirty-nine schools, and remained on an average forty minutes in each. I was accompanied by Directors thirty-three times. I attended seven educational meetings, traveled three thousand miles, wrote one hundred and sixty-one official letters, supervised the school census of the whole city and held three private and sixteen public examinations of teachers, at which thirty-eight gentlemen and two hundred and ninety-three ladies were satisfactorily passed and received certificates, and one gentleman and sixty-one ladies were not passed for want of sufficient qualifications; one hundred and twenty-eight applicants never taught a school.

VISITING THE SCHOOLS.

My object in visiting the schools has been to learn the practical qualifications of those to whom certificates have been granted.

A person may pass a satisfactory examination and be but poorly qualified to teach, and this fact can only be ascertained by a visit to the school room. Teaching is something besides naming the letters of the alphabet, listening to recitations, or announcing a word to be spelled. It consists in teaching the pupil how to think correctly upon the subject matter in hand; although repetition lies at the foundation of all infantile learning, yet there is a rational method of learning even the alphabet that develops mind.

System, classification and analysis must be understood and practiced in the earliest stages of education, and, if the teacher is properly qualified, they will be manifest in everything, in the arrangement of the classes, of pupils at the black board, and especially in the analysis in the higher branches. It is of vast importance that the uninformed mind should be started rightly in order to a successful course of education, and, indeed, of business in after life. The fault of our schools is, that the pupils are not taught how to think, because so few teachers know how to think. The aim of the Superintendency should be to reverse this order of things, and as soon as possible furnish our schools with not merely learned but thinking teachers. It is a matter to be deplored that so many teachers acquire their positions through favoritism and wire-working, and are not selected or promoted solely on the ground of merit. Preparing the child for the future in society, on which his prosperity and usefulness depend, is too sacred a work for the interference of sinister motives. These motives must be discountenanced and banished, and our educators be required to stand or fall by their merits. The man or woman who has no interest in the profession, but intends using it as a stepping-stone to something else, should not be employed as a teacher. "A double-minded man is unstable in all his ways," is as true in education as in morals. A teacher who has no permanent interest in his profession, or whose mind is mainly occupied with studies wholly foreign to what he teaches, cannot be a thorough educator. The intellectual drill of forty eager minds during six hours a day, if properly and conscienciously performed, will exhaust any person's physical and mental powers for that day.

AESTHETICS.

During the past year those silent instructors of the beautiful, the pure and the divine, the flowers, were made to adorn the windows of many of our schools, the niches in the wall and the teachers' desk, the humanizing and refining influence of which appeal to the better qualities of the soul, and thereby develop them. No disposition can long retain its savageness surrounded by flowers. To promote the same end, landscape paintings should adorn the walls and meet the eye at every point, stamping nature's beauties on the soul. To these we add the charms of music.

The government of our schools, under this moral and aesthetic training, will become an easy matter.

ATTENDING SCHOOL.

Of the twenty thousand children of Pittsburgh, a large number are habitually and permanently absent from school. The problem, how to secure their regular attendance, we have yet to solve. This evil is promoted by three circumstances. One is, our manufactories and mills offer large pecuniary inducements to lads to engage as helpers; for the employer they fill the place of men at boys' wages; the pinchings of poverty, or the avarice of parents, favor their employment, and hence a large proportion of the rising population are coming yearly on the stage of action, inspired by the love of greed, without eencation. Another circumstance is either the indifference of parents to education or want of domestic government and discipline. Still another circumstance is the ignorance of parents, and incapability of appreciating the benefits of education. There are various remedies for this state of things; one is stringent legislation; another is systematic missionary effort by our teachers. If these remedies be impracticable, then another may be suggested, the issuing of a tract covering the whole subject, and its distribution in every family. These remedies can be only suggestive with us; but if education be worth so much to our civil polity as to warrant the outlay of millions to promote it, it is worth our while to attempt some measures to remedy this great evil, and we intend, during our superintendency, to push this matter to a desirable consummation.

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.

Laying the foundation is the most important work of a substantial fabric—if it be located on the unyielding hard-pan, the walls of the building stand firm, without cracking or marring the ornamentation with which it is finished. The primary department we deem just as important in its relation to the other departments as the foundation is to the building, and hence our aim shall be to cherish, stimulate and fortify the primary department. We would like to see our best educators placed over it. It is more difficult to set the wheel in motion than to keep it running afterward. The momentum given in the primary department is that which carries the mind either successfully or unsuccessfully through all the higher grades. The method of thinking acquired in the primary department will continue through the whole educational course. If the child learns only by rote there, everything will be learned by rote afterward.

To promote the interest of this department our plan is to remove the pecuniary motive for aspiring to a higher department, by increasing the emoluments in proportion to their experience.

SCHOOL GRADES.

Our schools are well graded, which is just as essential to a good school as classification is in botany or a nomenclature in chemistry, and we pass them from one department to another by examination and not upon their term of service.

EDUCATIONAL MEETINGS.

These meetings should have for their object the mutual improvement of teachers. Such meetings are of prime importance to the interest of education. They should be held at least once a week, and provision made for taking the teachers through a regular course of instruction which does not fall within their province to teach.

If all our teachers could be instructed occasionally on some scientific subject by a good lecturer, the benefits would be incalculable. Forty hours a year, (a lecture once a week,) would furnish an outline of History, Political Economy, Mental Philosophy, Mechanics, or any other science which would require three times that number of hours to fill up by reading. The expense of sustaining such a course of lectures would be but trifling in proportion to the vast benefits that would accrue from it.

CORPORAL PUNISHMENT.

Happily the age of barbarism is passing away from the Pittsburgh schools, the savage hordes that infested our borders are retreating into the wilderness of oblivion, and we hope to be disturbed by their war-whoop no more. Happily our people are finding out that their children are human beings, with moral and intellectual natures, endowed with reason and conscience, and are not simply animals that can only be governed by superior physical force.

The birch and the hickory are fast falling into disuse in our schools. Since the attention of the public has been called to this matter through the monthly reports given by the principals, the number of cases per month has been reduced over eighty-five per cent. The fact is that there was a time when neither parents nor educators knew enough to govern by moral suasion. They had no alternative but to pound the recreant urchin into submission.

There was a time when teachers, as a general rule, did not understand the laws of self-government well enough to apply them to their scholars, and hence the various modes of torture practiced in the school room. But these times have passed away, and a day of moral power has dawned upon us. Abolish corporal punishment and the scapegraces whose consciences were satisfied with a sound flogging for their misdemeanors, and, unrestrained, returned to their peccadilloes, will have that conscience armed with a thousand stings, not one of which is blunted or seared, and the teacher has only to turn that conscience upon itself to produce penitence, obedience and reform. A flogged child has no self-respect, and whenever a man looses his self-respect, he is qualified for any mean and criminal act. Treat a man, although guilty of crime, as a moral and intelligent being, and he will retain his self-respect and endeavor to right himself; so with the delinquent scholar. Make him respect himself and his incorrigibility will soon disappear. Punish the mind with thought, through the reason and conscience, and not with the rod, through the muscle, and you can subdue a savage. The tiger that would seize the arm upraised to strike it, quails at the moral power concentrated in the eye—much more will a child with an upbraiding conscience quail before the moral power of the speech and the countenance. This is our experience, and surely it will be a happy day when the school room shall be no more a place of torture to the hundreds of urchins with unfortunate tempers and morose dispositions, but a delightful retreat from domestic storms and street battles. Teachers, parents and children will be all more than satisfied with this new order of things.

EQUAL RIGHTS.

Having once settled the question that "physical force" is not the most important qualification of the teacher, our people have been led to consider the inequality of salaries given to male and female teachers for the performance of the same work, and the Central Board of Education have thrown wide open the doors to all positions within their gift, and have left our female teachers free to aspire to the highest positions of profit and trust in the public schools of our city.

In closing this report, I would express the pleasuae I feel in being associated with the Central and Local Boards of Directors, composed of gentlemen distinguished for their affability and for the deep interest they manifest in the furtherance of our mutual plans bearing on the welfare of our schools.

GEO. J. LUCKEY,
City Superintendent.

At it Again.

Clarence Bell, a colored man, if not a thief, is a peculiarly unfortunate individual, and appears to be a victim of circumstances. A little more than a year since he was indicted for the larceny of a coat, and twice convicted and sentenced to the penitentiary, where he served his time and was "honorably" discharged. He was subsequently indicted for the larceny of a watch, the property of Mingo Mecca, a colored man, but was acquitted. Yesterday Clem Dennis, a colored porter at the Merchants Hotel, appeared at the Mayor's office and made information charging Clarence with the larceny of a coat and pocket book. He alleges that the articles were stolen from the room occupied by the waiters and porters at the Merchants Hotel, and that Bell was seen in the room a short time before the articles were stolen. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

Destructive Fire—Woolen Mills Destroyed—Loss $60,000.

[Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW BRIGHTON, PA., July 19, 1869.

Yesterday morning about two o'clock the large stone building occupied by Wilde, Shields & Co., manufacturers of woolen goods, was discovered to be on fire, the flames already issuing from the windows in the second and fourth stories, and having made considerable progress in their work of destruction. The cry of fire was soon heard in all parts of our unusually quiet town. This was immediately followed by the ringing of church and school bells, alarming and inviting all to come and help to stay the work of the destroyer. In a little time there was a great concourse of men, women and children in the vicinity of the burning building, and soon the engines, (such as they are, not half what they should be,) were at work, but by this time the whole building seemed a burning mass. The roof fell in, one crash followed another, and now and then an explosion, perhaps of saltpetre, sulphur, acids, etc., used in scouring dying, etc., so that it was soon evident that the contents of the building would all be consumed; but there were still hopes for the walls. Efforts were now directed to the saving of adjacent buildings, all of which were wooden. About half-past three o'clock about three stories of the side walls fell, and soon after the south end wall fell outward, striking the building known as Pontefract's woolen factory, (vacated recently) which it completely demolished. Now the only building of importance in danger was Vetter's sash and door factory, which was saved.

The burned building was about one hundred feet long and nearly all of it five stories high. The north end wall is still standing, though badly injured, and the rest of the building is a mass of smouldering ruins.

The entire loss is from sixty to seventy thousand dollars; insured for about thirty thousand. The firm occupied four buildings, three mills and warehouse, of which this was much the largest and best. One-half the machinery was in this building; also, the dye-house and about half the hands employed. The whole number of hands employed was one hundred and twenty. The buildings were so connected that all operations will be suspended until they can get some new machinery and fit up a dye-house, &c, which will take two or three weeks' time.

The loss will be seriously felt by many in the community, and perhaps to some extent by all.

How the fire originated is unknown, as yet. It is hoped that the firm will be able to rebuild and resume operations without much delay. C.

After Witnesses.

A few days since information was made at the Mayor's office against a saloon keeper on Penn street, in the Twelfth ward, for selling liquor on Sunday. It appears the only witness in the case who could swear positively to the fact of liquor having been sold on Sunday were Dan Monehan and Ben Mayers, to whom it is alleged to have been sold, and those worthies for some cause were loth to appear before His Honor and testify to that which might cause the defendant to be mulct in the sum of fifty dollars for a violation of the law when the violation was for their accommodation. Subpœnas were served upon them but they failed to appear. The hearing was postponed and attachments issued for the reluctant witnesses, and placed in the hands of officers Rivers and Ruch, with instructions to bring the parties in, if "found within their bailwick. The officers started in search of their men yesterday morning and got sight of them at the corner of Forty-fifth and Butler streets, in the Seventeenth ward, and unfortunately for the officers, the men for whom they were searching were on the lookout and saw them coming, when they were nearly a square distant, whereupon they started down Forty-fifth street at a break-neck pace, and the officers after them at a high rate of speed. During the first two hundred yards the race was an even one, but after that the pursuers began to gain on the pursued, and the chase became more exciting. Over a hundred men and boys joined in the race, anxious to see how it would terminate. When near the Allegheny Valley Railroad the pursued party separated, each taking different directions, and the pursuers followed suit. A short run brought Ruch up with his man, Monahan, and he was conducted to the lock-up. Rivers succeeded in capturing Myers' hat, which was dropped during the chase at a time when the owner was too closely pursued to pick it up.

Daring Robbery.

Between nine and ten o'clock last night, the house of Henry Brecht, on Water street, near Wood, was entered by thieves and robbed of two hundred and forty dollars. It appears that the house of Mr. Brecht, and the one adjoining it, occupied by Mr. Kellar, are under the same roof, and there is no division wall in the garret. The thieves, Arden Montaguo and a companion, boarded at Kellars, and at the time stated went into Brecht's house by going into the garret from their boarding house and then coming over to Brecht's and going down stairs. The money stolen was in a trunk which was in a room on the second floor. They carried the trunk up into the garret, broke it open and took out the money, two hundred and thirty dollars in greenbacks, and about ten dollars in coppers and three cent pieces. One of the boarders saw them coming down stairs, and when the robbery was discovered made the fact known. Officers Dressler, Cupples and Gordon were notified of the robbery and started in pursuit of the robbers. They captured Montague in a house of ill-repute on Bedford avenue about eleven o'clock, and he is in the lock-up awaiting a hearing. His companion has not yet been arrested.

Bold Swindlers.

One of the boldest and most impudent swindling transactions that has ever been perpetrated in this city was practiced one day last week by a couple of sharpers, on three or four prominent commission houses. The first was on the firm of Day & Co., Market street, where, it appears, the sharpers called with two horses and a wagon, and representing themselves as coming from the firm of Zug & Co., purchased grain to the amount of $100 and over, asking for a bill of the same. The grain was loaded in the wagon and they drove away. They next visited the business house of Morrison & Duval, on Water street, from whom they purchased over $100 worth of grain, representing that it was for Zug & Co. One or two other houses were swindled in the same manner.

The swindle was not discovered for three or four days after it was perpetrated, when the different firms sent in their bills and were informed that no such purchases had been made by the firm of Zug & Co., or any of their authorized agents. It has been ascertained that the grain was shipped west, and we learn that an officer has been sent in search of the swindlers.

What Will Be Done With Him?

A few days since James Kearney, a notoriously bad boy, was arrested and taken to the lock-up for stealing a keg of hinges. Information was made against him and his parents were notified of the fact, but they declined to do anything for him, stating that he was entirely beyond their control. After a hearing the Mayor decided to send the boy to the House of Refuge, and he was accordingly taken to that institution Friday. His stay there was exceedingly short, however, as he was arrested on the street yesterday afternoon and taken to the lock-up, when he stated that he had "scaled the walls" of his prison and made his escape. The Mayor informs us that the Superintendent of the Institution refuses to admit the boy again, giving as a reason for so doing that he is afflicted with scrofula. Under these circumstances the question arises—"What is to be done with the boy?" His parents have no control over him, and refuse to have anything to do with him, and he is certainly too bad to be allowed to run at large, as he may not only get into difficulty himself, but may lead other boys into the commission of some crime which might send them to the penitentiary. The House of Refuge was made and is maintained for the express purpose of correcting wayward youth, such as he is, but we know nothing about their regulations as to admitting them, and consequently cannot say whether the reasons given for rejecting or refusing to receive him are valid or not.

Interfered With Him.

Yesterday officer James Blondin made information before Alderman Donaldson against Wm. Crummie, of the Sixth ward, Allegheny, for sureiy of the peace, and interfering with an officer in the discharge of his duty. The officer alleges that Crummie's household effects were levied upon some time ago, and that in persuance thereof he was directed to make sale of them. In attempting to do this yesterday he was ordered away from the premises by Crummie, who, he alleges, threatened him with all manner of evil if he persisted in the sale. Under these circumstances the officer concluded the wisest course was to seek the protection of the law, which he immediately did in the information. Warrant issued.

Wonderful.—Henry W. Burr, No. 49 West 14th street, while on a visit to the West, was attacked with severe illness from drinking impure water. Life was despaired of, and it was thought that he must die. His wife was immediately sent for, and in a day or two was at his bedside. Having herself seen the beneficial results from the use of PLANTATION BITTERS, she insisted upon their being administered to him, which was done, in quantities prescribed by the attending physician. The result was almost as if by magic, and in one-half hour from the time they were given her husband was out of danger, and by a moderate use of them three or four times a day, he was soon able to resume his journey to his home. This is but one case of many thousands that we know of.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. TH.S.T.F.

Marvin's No. is 91 Liberty street.

Marvin Wholesales and Retails.

Lawns, Organdies, Hermani, Grenadines, at Bates & Bell's.

Silver Plating at No. 1 Sixth street.

And, oh, it is a wonderous milk,
It makes my hands *so white*,
I'll never be without, I hope,
I'll use it morn and night.

Its praises I will always sing:
Its worth I've learned to know;
This Milk of violets is a perfect thing;
Its splendid, "Yes, by Jove."

SOLON SHINGLE.

Sold by druggists and fancy goods dealers.

Mr. W. W. Moorhead, No. 81 Market street, is always ahead of the times in the selection of his goods. He is a constant purchaser himself, which is rendered necessary by the rapidity with which his goods are disposed of. Hence purchasers always have the benefit of selecting from the latest attractions.

Choice Makes of Lace Mantles,
Thin Dress Goods,
Mourning Goods,
Japanese Silks,
Ladies' Under-garments.
Bates & Bell, 21 Fifth avenue.

The Verdict of Public Opinion sustains the Weed Machine. It TRIUMPHS where all others fail. Success is ever the best evidence of merit and superior worth, and only 33 cents per day to pay for a Weed, at the Agents', R. H. Long & Co., No. 116 Market street.

Williamson's Shop, 190 Federal street, Allegheny, is first class for a luxurious bath, for shaving, hair dyeing, hair cutting and dressing, plain or by curling and frizzle; also, for cupping and leeching. T

Marvin's No. is 91 Liberty street.

Marvin Wholesales and Retails.

Lama Lace Mantles, in variety, at Bates & Bell's.

Silver Plating at No. 1 Sixth street.

Notice.—Persons indebted to the concern of J. W. Barker & Co., are requested to make immediate payment. Also, parties having claims against the said firm will please render them previous to the 1st day of August.

J. W. BARKER, JR.,
Administrator.

At Rode's modern style Shaving Saloon, corner of Federal and Isabella streets, Allegheny, will be found adepts in shaving, hair cutting, (for adults and children) hair dyeing, leeching, cupping and tooth-drawing. Try and be convinced. T

Ask Your Grocer for Marvin's Crackers, Biscuits, Bread, Snaps, &c. Everything in his line is kept by all first-class grocery stores. Ask for them and take none other.

Japanese Silks—Reduced prices, at Bates & Bell's.

Silver Plating at No. 1 Sixth street.

Marvin's No. is 91 Liberty street.

Marvin Wholesales and Retails.

Hecker's Farina forms a very agreeable light nutritive food, a superior article for puddings and jellies, and is highly recommended by physicians for invalids and children. Sold by all grocers. T

Constitution Water is a certain cure for Diabetes and all diseases of the Kidneys. For sale by all Druggists. TTHS:T.

The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 13 Smithfield street.

Marvin's No. is 91 Liberty street.

Marvin Wholesales and Retails.

Great Reduction for Cash Only.

Owing to the death of the senior member of the firm, and the necessity of settling the estate immediately, we propose to make a great reduction in the prices of our entire stock of dry goods, commencing the sale on Monday, July 19th, and continuing until the first day of August. Many of the goods will be sold at much less than cost, and will comprise fall and winter, as well as summer goods. Those desirous of obtaining some of the *greatest bargains ever offered* in dry goods should not neglect this sale at the storerooms of J. W. Barker & Co., 59 Market street and 20 Sixth (formerly St. Clair) street. J. W. BARKER, JR.,
Administrator.

Marvin's No. is 91 Liberty street.

Marvin Wholesales and Retails.

White Bedouins and Summer Shawls, Bates & Bell's.

Silver Plating at No. 1 Sixth street.

For Sale at all Grocery Stores. —
Marvin's Crackers,
Marvin's Jubilee Cakes,
Marvin's Milk Biscuits,
Marvin's Manilla Jumbles,
Marvin's Ginger Cakes,
Marvin's Toast Biscuits.

Everything in the bakery line that you want for family use. Ask for Marvin's. Marvin's store is No. 91 Liberty street. Wholesale and retail trade supplied at the lowest cash rates.

Marvin's No. is 91 Liberty street.

Marvin Wholesales and Retails.

Thin Dress Goods, cheap, at Bates & Bell's.

Silver Plating at No. 1 Sixth street.

MARRIED.

OWENS—OLDSHUE—On Monday, July 19th, 1869, at St. Paul's Cathedral, by Rev. Father Hickey, Mr. CELSUS E. OWENS to Miss ANNIE OLDSHUE, daughter of T. L. Oldshue.

DIED:

McCALLUM—On Saturday, July 17th, Mrs. MARY McCALLUM, aged 78 years.

Funeral from her late residence, 169 Ohio avenue, Allegheny city, on TUESDAY, July 20th, at 2 P. M. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

CARRIER—At Colchester, Conn., July 19th, 1869, ARISTOBOLUS CARRIER, aged 79, father of A. A. and S. S. Carrier, of this city.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.
REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob Miller, Esq.

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